

## POLICY & RESOURCES COMMITTEE ADDENDUM

4.00PM, THURSDAY, 16 OCTOBER 2014

**COUNCIL CHAMBER, HOVE TOWN HALL** 

## ADDENDUM

ITE	Μ			Page
56	CITY PLAN PAR PROCESS	T ONE - CHANGES AF	ISING FROM EXAMINATION	1 - 94
	Report of the Exect attached).	utive Director for Enviro	nment, Development & Housing (copy	
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# Brighton & Hove Submission City Plan Part One

Proposed Modifications

October **2014** 

Schedule of Proposed Modifications to the City Plan Part One



## **Brighton & Hove City Plan Part One Schedule of Proposed Modifications**

The modifications below are expressed in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text.

Modifications are in City Plan policy order. The policy number and City Plan page number are shown in the second column.

### **Relation to Previous Main Modifications**

Seven versions of the Main Modifications schedule were published in the run up to, and after, the public hearings held into the City Plan Part One in October 2013. This schedule replaces all previously published schedules of Main Modifications.

The right hand column gives information about how the proposed modifications relate to the previously published Main Modifications. This works as follows:

- Previously MM## The text of the Proposed Modification is the same as the previous Main Modification. (The only difference is the reference, ie PM###)
- Supersedes MM## The text of the Proposed Modification is *not* the same as the previous Main Modification. The previous Main Modification has therefore been superseded.

Where this column is blank, the Proposed Modification relates to part of the City Plan that had not previously been subject to a Main Modification.

#### Footnotes

New footnotes are shown with the reference #, or ##, ###, etc where there are multiple footnotes within one Proposed Modification.

#### Appendices

Appendices 1 and 3 to this document are shown below. Appendices 2, 4 and 5 are shown in separate documents.

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM001	Introduction & Overview, page 4	<ul> <li>1.1 The City Plan is the first Development Plan Document (DPD)<sup>4</sup> to be produced as part of a wider set of local planning policy documents known as the Brighton &amp; Hove's Local Development Framework. Its <u>The</u> purpose <u>of the City</u> <u>Plan</u> is to provide the overall strategic and spatial vision for the future of Brighton &amp; Hove through to 2030. It will help shape the future of the city and plays an important role in ensuring that other citywide plans and strategies achieve their objectives. <u>The City Plan Part One is a Development Plan Document (DPD)<sup>1</sup></u>.</li> <li>Amend footnote 1:</li> <li><sup>1</sup> Development Plan Document (DPDs) are the key statutory documents within Local</li> </ul>	
		Development Framework's and will <u>which</u> set out the vision, strategy and policies for the area. They are subject to Sustainability Appraisal and to a formal examination in public. The City Plan Part 1 is Brighton & Hove's Core Strategy.  Other Local Development <u>Plan</u> Framework Documents	
		1.4 The policies in all the other <u>Development Plan</u> dDocuments for forming the Brighton & Hove LDF have to be in line with the City Plan Part 1, so it is the most important <u>Development Plan Document</u> . part of the LDF.	
PM002	Introduction and Overview, page 5 Paragraph 1.4 and Footnote 2	<ul> <li>Waste and Minerals Local Plan – the council, working in partnership with East Sussex County Council and the South Downs National Park Authority, is preparing a Waste and Minerals Local Plan<sup>2</sup> that will provide planning policies to guide the management of waste and production of minerals in the plan area until 2026.</li> </ul>	Previously MM1
		Amend Footnote 2:	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification			Previous modifications
		South Downs and Brighton a	Strategy is anticipated to be adopted & Hove Waste and Minerals Plan waw waste and minerals sites plan.	<del>d March 2013</del> . <u>The East Sussex,</u> as adopted 19 February 2013 and	
PM003	Introduction and Overview, page 5 Paragraph 1.4	the National Par planning authorit within the Nation	n Part 1 policies but will be cov	in April 2011. This is now the of Brighton & Hove that falls er be covered by the Brighton	
PM004	Introduction and Overview	Delete table 1: Table 1 City Plan Part	1 Preparation Timetable		Previously MM2
	Table 1, page 5	Stage	Date	1	
		Reg 18: Options Consultation	October-November 2011	_	
		Reg 18: Draft City Plan Consultation	May - July 2012	_	
		Publication of the Document	February – April 2013	_	
		Date for submission to Secretary of State	May 2013	_	
		Pre-examination meeting with Inspector	-July 2013	_	
		Examination in Public (estimated)	September 2013		
		Estimated date for adoption by the council	February 2014		

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM005	Introduction and Overview Paragraph 1.6, page 5	Delete paragraph 1.6: 1.6 The Localism Act sets out the government's intention to revoke regional spatial strategies. It is acknowledged that any move to revoke existing regional strategies is subject to the outcome of the consultation on the related environmental assessment (SEA of Revocation of the South East Regional Strategy Environment Report) which was published 11 October 2012. The South East Plan remains part of the list of documents which local authorities must have regard to when preparing their development plans until the government orders revoking the existing Regional Plans are published and take effect. Therefore although it is considered that the draft City Plan remains in conformity with the South East Plan, it is not referred to explicitly within the City Plan.	Previously MM3
PM006	Introduction and Overview Figure 1, page 6	Figure 1 Relationship of the City Plan to other Strategies         Amend reference to Minerals and Waste Core Strategy:         Other development plans e.g. Minerals and Waste and Minerals         Core Strategy         Local         Plan         SDNP Local         Plan etc	
PM007	Introduction and Overview Paragraph 1.7, Page 6	1.7 Brighton & Hove provides jobs, entertainment, shops and leisure, health and education facilities for people living in neighbouring areas. The city is a regionally significant retail and visitor economy destination and a transport hub	Previously MM4
PM008	Introduction and Overview Footnote 4, Page 7	Footnote 4: <sup>4</sup> Brighton & Hove City Plan Part 1 Duty to Cooperate <u>Compliance</u> Statement <del>December 2012</del> June 2013	Previously MM5

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM009	A profile of Brighton & Hove – context and challenges, paragraph 1.24, page 13	<ul> <li>Transport is the main cause of poor air and noise quality in certain parts of the city. In 2008<u>13</u> an extended a new Air Quality Management Area was designated that is a quarter of the size of the previous one covering a significant area of the centre of the city.<sup>25</sup>.</li> <li><sup>25</sup> The council declared a new air quality management area on 30 August 2013. The Air Quality Management Area and Action Plan will be updated in 2013<u>4</u>.</li> </ul>	Previously MM102
PM010	The Strategy, pages 24, 28, 29	A Spatial Strategy for Brighton & Hove 2.7 Recognising the need to plan positively to meet the needs of a growing city, Tthe City Plan's aim is to seeks to achieve a balanced and sustainable approach to accommodating growth over the plan period Strategy for the future of Brighton & Hove 2.12 The assessed housing requirements (demand and need for new homes) for the city over the plan period are much higher than the city can realistically accommodate. The plan sets a minimum housing target of 11,300 13,200 new homes to be achieved by 2030 and this reflects the capacity and availability of land/sites in the city; the need to provide for a mix of homes to support the growth and maintenance of sustainable communities; the need to provide land for other essential uses (such as employment, retail, health and education facilities and other community and leisure facilities) and the need to respect the historic, built and natural environment of the city	
		The Spatial Distribution of Development	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		2.19 Spatially the majority of new housing, employment and retail development <u>will</u> <u>be located on brownfield (previously developed) sites within the city's built up area</u> <u>and will be</u> directed to eight specific development areas (DA1 – 8). These are areas of the city which either already benefit from close proximity to good sustainable transport links or are areas where accessibility can be improved; are areas which offer significant capacity for new development and are areas where new development and/or regeneration will secure substantial benefits for the city. This approach ensures that <u>opportunities for development of brownfield sites are</u> <u>maximised</u> , transport impacts will be minimised and the city's countryside and the South Downs National Park will continue to be protected.	
		2.20 Much of the land within the city's defined urban fringe forms part of the city's green infrastructure; either in terms of the city's open space framework (e.g. parks, recreation grounds, sports pitches and playing fields, allotments, cemeteries, natural/semi-natural space) or part of the city's biodiversity resource such as local nature reserves, sites of conservation importance or Nature Improvement Areas. However in light of the significant scale of the city's housing need, objectively assessed to fall within a range of 18,000 - 24,000 new homes to 2030 <sup>#</sup> ; the requirement of the government's National Planning Policy Framework to plan positively to meet housing needs in full and; the need to adequately address the social dimension of sustainable development the potential for housing from the urban fringe has had to be reassessed <sup>##</sup> . The strategy for accommodating growth in the city continues to maximise development opportunities from brownfield sites but also includes the urban fringe as broad source of potential for housing development.	
PM011	Table 3 Summary	Insert footnotes: <u># Coastal West Sussex Housing Study Update 2014</u> <u>## Urban Fringe Assessment Study June 2014</u> <b>Table 3 Summary of Development Proposals</b>	Supersedes

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	on			Previous modifications
	of Development Proposals, page 31		New Homes	New Employment Floorspace (sq m)	New Retail floorspace (sq m)	MM121, MM68 and MM6
		DA1 Brighton Centre and Churchill Square	20		Minimum 20,000 <u>comparison</u> goods	
		DA2 Brighton Marina	1940	2,000	5,000	
		DA3 Lewes Road	<del>810</del> <u>875</u>	15,600		
		DA4 New England Quarter and London Road	<del>1185</del> <u>1130</u>	20,000		
		DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street	4 <del>70</del> <u>515</u>	18,200 – <del>22,200</del> <u>23,200</u>		
		DA6 Hove Station	<del>630</del> <u>525</u>	1,000		
		DA7 Toad's Hole Valley	700	25,000		
		DA8 Shoreham Harbour	4 <del>00</del> <u>300</u>	7,500		
		Rest of the City <u>:</u> a) <u>Within the</u>	<del>3945</del>			
		built up area b) Within the	<u>4130</u>	11,257 <sup>35</sup>		
		urban fringe	<u>1060</u>			
		Small site development <sup>36</sup>	<del>1250</del> <u>2015</u>			

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	on			Previous modifications
		windfall development ac		<b>100,500 to 105,500</b> imated to be <del>650</del> 765 units is 1,250 units in last 6 years		
PM012	DA1 Brighton Centre & Churchill Square Area, page 34	conference centre region and to susta positioning Brighto meeting destinatio	e development a in a landmark no ain the tourism a on & Hove as on ns. The redevelo e scheme incluo	area is to secure a new ew building to benefit and service economy e of Europe's leading opment of the Brighto ling the extension of t	the city and the for the next 30 years conference and n Centre will form pa	art
PM013	DA1 Brighton Centre & Churchill Square Area, page 34	A. 3. Support the e a minimum 20,000 A2/A3 use floorspa	sq m <u>net</u> of new	Churchill Square shop retail comparison go	oping centre to prov ods <sup>37</sup> floorspace and	ide Previously MM61 d
PM014	DA1 Brighton Centre and Churchill Square Area, page 34	new development, <u>facilities at Church</u> A. 6. Improve pede <u>particularly along</u>	in particular the hill Square; estrian and cycle Queens Road to n the northern s	and sustainable tran <u>e need to improve the</u> e access through <u>and</u> <u>b Brighton Station</u> and ide of the A259 and th Study <del>;</del>	bus interchange around the area reduce the	MM104 and MM105

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		A. 7. Ensure improvements to local air quality <u>in</u> at the West Street/ A259 Western Road, Churchill Square and North Street transport corridor and along Queens Road / West Street <sup>#</sup> junction through the implementation of the council's Air Quality Action Plan. And ensure developments do not increase the number of people exposed to poor air quality. Ensure new development proposals take into account impact on local air quality and that improvements and/ or mitigation are sought wherever possible.	
		Additional footnote:	
		<u># See also SA2 Central Brighton part 7.</u>	
PM015	DA1 Brighton Centre & Churchill Square Area, page 35	<ul> <li>B. 1. New Brighton Centre and expansion of Churchill Square.</li> <li>Redevelopment of the Brighton Centre Area<sup>38</sup> to provide a new 25,000 sqm conference centre, and expansion of Churchill Square shopping centre to provide a minimum of 20,000sqm <u>net</u> new comparison goods A1 floorspace (and A2 and A3 use classes). New hotel and leisure facilities including a cinema will also be permitted. Proposals will be assessed against the local priorities set out above, citywide policies, informed by the adopted Brighton Centre SPD and the following criteria:</li> <li>Delete footnote 38:</li> <li><sup>38</sup> As defined in the Brighton Centre SPD01 a core 'block' has been identified (comprising a number of</li> </ul>	Previously MM62
		smaller blocks) bounded by Western Road, West Street, Queensbury Mews and Cannon Place. Further detail is set out in the adopted SPD	
PM016	DA1 Brighton Centre & Churchill Square Area, page 36	3.4 The City Council will ensure that a strategy is devised so that the redevelopment of the Brighton Centre is adequately managed and does not result in a shortfall of music/conference venue space should Black Rock not be available.	Previously MM63

<ul> <li>M017 DA1 Brighton Centre and Strong linkages with the primary shopping frontages, along Western Road in particular and connectivity through to the seafront to address the problem of pedestrian severance. Improvements should include an enhanced bus interchange and pedestrian environment around Churchill Square, a new gateway link through from Churchill Square Shopping Centre to the seafront, and an improved junctions at West Street and Kings Road <u>and at the Clock Tower (Western Road, North Street, and Queens Road)</u>. On completion of the redevelopment the primary retail frontage of the regional centre will be extended to include any new retail elements of the scheme.<sup>41</sup></li> <li>3.7 Previous <u>Current</u> air quality assessments<sup>42</sup> have indicated that the West-Street/A259 junction Western Road, Churchill Square and North Street transport corridor and Queens Road exceeds the Government's Air Quality Objective for Nitrogen Dioxide and the area is new included within the declared Air Quality Management Area (AQMA)<sup>43</sup>. Improvements to local air quality in at the West-Street/A259 these corridors junction will be are a priority for the area. The movement of freight trips into the city centre <u>can be</u> is a significant contributor to airborne pollution quality levels. The potential to reduce, retime, reroute and/or revise the mode of transport, will be assessed in order to look at measures to reduce the number of freight trips into the city centre <u>AQMA</u>. Measures will be developed that encourage sustainable lower emission urban freight distribution (see policy CP9 Sustainable Transport). New development proposals should take account of their impact on local air quality, be consistent with the council's Air Quality. Action Plan and minimise increased exposure to existing poor air quality within the AQMA. Improvements and/or mitigation will be sought wherever possible.</li> </ul>	Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
	PM017	DA1 Brighton Centre and Churchill Square Area, paragraph	along Western Road in particular and connectivity through to the seafront to address the problem of pedestrian severance. Improvements should include an enhanced <u>bus interchange and pedestrian environment around Churchill Square, a new</u> gateway link through from Churchill Square Shopping Centre to the seafront, and <del>an</del> improved junctions at West Street and Kings Road <u>and at the Clock Tower (Western Road, North Street, and Queens Road)</u> . On completion of the redevelopment the primary retail frontage of the regional centre will be extended to include any new retail elements of the scheme. <sup>41</sup> 3.7 Previous <u>Current</u> air quality assessments <sup>42</sup> have indicated that the <del>West Street/ A259 junction</del> <u>Western Road, Churchill Square and North Street transport corridor and Queens Road</u> exceeds the Government's Air Quality Objective for Nitrogen Dioxide and the area is <del>now</del> included within the declared Air Quality Management Area ( <u>AQMA</u> ) <sup>43</sup> . Improvements to local air quality <u>in at the West Street/A259</u> these corridors junction will be are a priority for the area. The movement of freight within the city centre <u>can be</u> is a significant contributor to airborne pollution <del>quality</del> levels. The potential to reduce, retime, reroute and/or revise <u>the</u> mode <u>of transport</u> will be assessed in order to look at measures to reduce the number of freight trips into the city centre <u>AQMA</u> . Measures will be developed that encourage <del>sustainable</del> lower emission urban freight distribution (see policy CP9 Sustainable Transport). New development proposals should take account of their impact on local air quality, be consistent with the council's Air Quality Action Plan and minimise increased exposure to existing poor air quality within the AQMA. Improvements	Previously MM106
42 The 200711 Detailed Air Quality Assessment and subsequent updates         43 200813 Air Quality Management Area         M018       DA2 Brighton         Amend illustrative diagram to remove 'shopping area'. Amend policies map to reflect	PM018	DA2 Brighton	<sup>43</sup> 20 <del>08<u>13</u> Air Quality Management Area</del>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
	Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area page 38, 39	<ul> <li>this (see Appendix 1).</li> <li>3.13 The long term aspiration of the council is to address the deficiencies of the Marina, including the underperforming District Shopping Centre, and the wider area to facilitate the creation of a mixed use district area of the city. This will be achieved through the generation of a sustainable high quality marina environment which creates easier and more attractive access for residents and visitors, extends the promenade environment up to and around the Marina and creates stronger pedestrian and visual links with the sea from the Marina.</li> <li>Amend policy:</li> <li>DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area</li> <li>The strategy for the development area is to facilitate the creation of Brighton Marina and the wider area as a sustainable mixed use district area of the city, the strategy for the development area is to facilitate the creation of Brighton</li> </ul>	
PM019	DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area page 39, page 44	<ul> <li>through the generation of a high quality marina environment</li> <li> by supporting proposals which: <ul> <li>Secure a high quality of building design that takes account of the cliff height issues in and around the Marina, townscape and public realm while recognising the potential for higher density mixed development in accordance with the aims of the Spatial Strategy to optimise development on brownfield sites;</li> <li>Do not breach the cliff height within the Marina;</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mdd new paragraph in supporting text after 3.15: <ul> <li>Fundamental to the strategy for the development area is the provision of mixed use development at a density that helps achieve a vibrant and sustainable place.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		However, proposed developments should ensure the preservation and/or enhancement of the setting of all listed buildings and conservation areas nearby, as well as the wider historic landscape and city skyline including views to and from the South Downs National Park. Applications for higher density development will be assessed in terms of their ability to meet the design and density considerations set out in CP12 and CP14. It is essential that any new development provides an attractive pedestrian environment, active retail and leisure frontages as well as easy access to the harbour, boardwalk, shoreline and other recreational areas within the Marina.	
PM020	DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area page 39	<ul> <li>Contribute towards the production of or provide Encourage opportunities for the sustainable production of heat and power for the district;</li> </ul>	Previously MM82
PM021	DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area page 39, 40	<ul> <li>Secure a more balanced mix of retail, including support for independent retailers, <u>and non retail uses such as</u> leisure, tourism, <u>and</u> commercial uses <del>and non retail uses, which accords with its District Centre status</del>;</li> <li></li> </ul>	
		A. 6. Balancing uses with an emphasis towards boating, surfing, leisure and recreation and the enhancement of the <del>District Centre</del> <u>retail offer</u> through encouraging the provision of mixed retail activity and services to support any additional expansion in population (see CP4).	
		3.17 The Marina is identified as a District Centre in the city's retail hierarchy (see Policy CP4). The majority of <u>existing</u> retail activity takes place in the Merchant's Quay and at the Asda superstore. Whilst the District Centre Brighton Marina contains a range of bars, restaurants and factory outlet stores related to its wider recreation and leisure role, it <u>currently</u> lacks the full range of shops and	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		services, such as banks and post offices, found typically in District Shopping Centres to support the proposed expansion in residential population. The strategy for the development area is to enhance the choice and performance of retail activity in the District Centre Marina through the encouragement of mixed retail activity and improvements to the public realm. Ancillary rRetail development on the Black Rock and Gas Works sites should accord with CP4 Retail Provision. not compete with or prejudice the District Centre at the Marina. A detailed policy regarding the appropriate type and mix of A1 and non A1 uses in the Marina will be set out in Part 2 of the City Plan.	
PM022	DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area, page 40	A. 12. Maximising opportunities to support the city's sustainability objectives through large-scale zero and low-carbon energy technologies, <u>subject to</u> <u>delivery and viability considerations</u> , to serve the Marina and wider city, particularly those that take advantage of the Marina's coastal location (see CP8).	Previously MM83
PM023	DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area, page 41, 42, 43	<ul> <li>B. Provision will be made for the following amounts of additional development to be provided by 2030:</li> <li>1,940 1,938 residential units (including the 853 residential units already granted planning permission for the outer harbour, <u>1000 residential units</u> <u>allocated for the inner harbour and 85 residential units allocated for the Gas</u> Works site);</li> <li>5,000 sq m (net) retail (A1-A5) floorspace;</li> <li></li> <li>C. 1. Brighton Marina Inner Harbour</li> </ul>	Previously MM7, MM84 and MM85 plus further changes
		Provision is made for a mixed use development comprising a minimum of	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		1,000 <u>additional</u> residential units <u>(excluding the outer harbour scheme)</u> , 5,000 sq m of <u>net additional</u> retail development (A1-A5), 3,500 sq m of <u>additional</u> leisure and recreation use, community facilities (including health facility and community centre).	
		C. 2 The Gas Works site has been identified for approximately 2,000 sq m of <u>business</u> employment (B1a, B1c) floor space to the north of the site, a minimum of 85 residential units and some ancillary retail development. The key criteria against which proposals will be addressed are:	
		a) Employment provision - development should provide an appropriate mix of employment floor space of varying sizes that cater for business uses ranging from office to light industrial, including small starter units or managed units (Use Classes B1 <del>a, B1c</del> );	
		C. 3 The Black Rock site has been allocated for 7,000 sq m of <del>community</del> leisure and recreation <u>use <del>purposes</del></u> , <u>in addition to</u> <del>not including</del> ancillary retail and café uses associated with the primary leisure use. Proposals will be assessed against the citywide policies and the following specific criteria:	
		<ul> <li>a) Provision of a high quality leisure and recreation facility that caters for the needs of the city, <u>complements Brighton Marina</u>, enhances the seafront leisure function, draws tourism to the city and attracts visitors and residents to the seafront;</li> </ul>	
		Proposals for uses in addition to the recreation and leisure use will only be considered where it can be demonstrated that these uses support the delivery of a leisure and recreation facility and <del>are not in competition with the District Centre status of</del> <u>complement development at</u> the Marina. Supporting	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		or enabling uses should perpetuate informal leisure uses associated with the seafront, conserve the historic environment and enhance linkages between Black Rock, the Marina and the Gas Works site.	
PM024	DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area page 41	Amend footnote 47: <sup>47</sup> Brighton and Hove GPs have worked together to establish an emerging clinical commissioning group which covers the city, from Saltdean in the east to Portslade in the west. The clinical commissioning group will become became a statutory organisation in April 2013 when the PCT ceases <u>d</u> to exist. Until that date it is working as a formal sub-committee of the NHS Sussex Board. Some PCT functions will be have passed to clinical commissioning groups, some to the new NHS Commissioning Board, and the responsibility for public health is transferring has transferred to local authorities.	
PM025	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 48, 49, 52, 53	DA3.A.2. Promoting and investing in improved bus, cycling and pedestrian routes along Lewes Road from The Level to the Universities in partnership with public transport operators in order to achieve a modal shift and thereby help reduce the impact of traffic, in particular on air and noise quality. and ensure that new development does not negatively impact on the air quality of the area	Previously MM108
		DA3.A.7. To ensure improvements to local air quality through implementation of the council's Air Quality Action Plan <del>and ensure new developments do not</del> increase the number of people exposed to poor air quality or traffic noise. Ensure new development proposals take into account impact on local air quality and that improvements and/ or mitigation are sought wherever possible.	
		Add to end of paragraph 3.31:	

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		New development proposals should take account of their impact on local air quality, be consistent with the council's Air Quality Action Plan and minimise increased exposure to existing poor air quality within the AQMA. Improvements and/ or mitigation will be sought wherever possible.	
		Amend footnote 52: <sup>52</sup> The area of Lewes Road south of the Vogue Gyratory from the University of Brighton to the Level is included in the 200813 Air Quality Management Area as it exceeds the government's Air Quality Objective for annual Nitrogen Dioxides. This will be addressed through the implementation of the council's Air Quality Action Plan.	
PM026	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 49	B. Provision will be made for the following amounts of additional development to be provided by 2030. Provision will be made through strategic site allocations (below) and through allocations made in the City Plan Part 2 for: 810 880 residential units;	Supersedes MM69
PM027	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 49, 50	C. Strategic Allocations in the Lewes Road Development Area are: 1. Preston Barracks and Brighton University (Mithras House and Watts/Cockcroft Site) The city council will work with the University of Brighton and other partners to provide a mixed use employment-led development comprising a new business school, 10,600sqm B1 employment floorspace, including an Innovation Centre; 750 rooms of student accommodation; 300 residential units and other ancillary supporting uses. Proposals will be assessed against the priorities for DA3 Lewes Road, citywide policies, guidance in the adopted Planning Brief for the site and the following criteria: 	Previously MM76

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		c) The development <del>should aim to be zero carbon and through creative landscaping solutions (including features such as green walls)</del> should contribute towards Biodiversity Action Plan objectives, green infrastructure and wider landscaping enhancements through creative landscaping solutions.	
PM028	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 50	Provision of 5,000 sq m of B1 office business space or alternative employment generating development that helps to meet the city's infrastructure needs on land to the south of the new archive centre, known as The Keep.	Previously (part of) MM8
		<ul> <li>c) As a greenfield site, the development will be expected to be zero carbon<sup>#</sup> and to achieve an Outstanding BREEAM rating and, through creative landscaping solutions (including features such as green walls), should contribute towards Biodiversity Action Plan objectives, green infrastructure and wider landscaping enhancements.</li> </ul>	
		Add new footnote:	
		# This will be subject to viability considerations and potential mitigation measures, as set out in policy <u>CP8.</u>	
PM029	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 51	Add new criterion: DA3. C. 2. g) The development must ensure that groundwater sources are protected to the satisfaction of the Environment Agency.	Previously (part of) MM8
PM030	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 51	DA3. C. 3. Falmer Released Land, Former Falmer High School Redevelopment for <u>some or all of</u> a range of uses including housing, purpose	Previously MM78 and (part of) MM8

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>built student accommodation, offices (B1), and/or educational use., <u>Redevelopment should include</u> a car park related to the American Express Community Stadium and the provision, on or off site, of permanent accommodation for the Bridge Community Education Centre and for Brighton Aldridge Community Academy's Pupil Referral Unit. Proposals will be assessed against the priorities for DA3 Lewes Road, citywide policies and the following criteria:</li> <li>a) The development will be required to achieve a high standard of design.</li> <li>b) Sustainable transport infrastructure will be required to support the scheme and to ensure that there is no adverse air quality impact.</li> <li>c) Development should ensure that there will be no adverse impacts on the setting of the South Downs National Park or any locally or nationally designated landscape, historic or ecological sites.</li> </ul>	
		d) The development <del>should aim to be zero carbon and through creative</del> <del>landscaping solutions (including features such as green walls)</del> should contribute towards Biodiversity Action Plan objectives, green infrastructure and wider landscaping enhancements <u>through creative landscaping</u> <u>solutions</u> .	
		<ul> <li>e) The developer will be required to enter into a training place agreement to secure training for local people.</li> <li><u>f) The development must ensure that groundwater sources are protected to the satisfaction of the Environment Agency</u>.</li> </ul>	
PM031	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 54	Change last sentence of paragraph 3.36: A planning brief for Lewes Road (Preston Barracks and University of Brighton) was,	Previously MM88

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		adopted in September 2011, provides detailed guidance on the site.	
PM032	DA3 Lewes Road Area, page 54	3.37 Planning permission was granted in 2011 for an archive centre with related conference, education and research facilities on the Woollards Field site to the south of Falmer Station. The remainder of the site to the south is allocated for <u>5,000</u> <u>square metres of effice business</u> (B1) floorspace or other employment generating uses in connection with meeting the city's infrastructure needs totalling <u>5,000 square</u> <u>metres</u> . The site is earmarked in the Infrastructure Delivery Plan (Annex 2) as providing important infrastructure to meet the city's requirement for <u>ambulance/paramedic rapid response points</u> . This development will help provide local training and employment opportunities and could help to strengthen the Universities' positive role within the local economy. Land at the southern end of the former Falmer High School site is no longer required for educational purposes. The site has potential for redevelopment for a range of uses, including student accommodation, residential, office and educational use. These uses could work in conjunction with car parking use for the nearby American Express Community Stadium. Permanent accommodation for the Bridge Community Education Centre and for Brighton Aldridge Community Academy's Pupil Referral Unit should also be provided, either on the Falmer Released Land or in an acceptable alternative location.	Previously MM87
PM033	DA4 New England Quarter and London Road Area, page 57, 63		Previously MM109

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		of the 200813 declared Air Quality Management Area due to exceeding the government's Air Quality Objective for Nitrogen Dioxides. and tThe council's new Air Quality Action Plan 2011 will sets out measures to ensure improvement to air quality. New development proposals should take into account impact on local air guality, be consistent with the council's Air Quality Action Plan and minimise increased exposure to existing poor air quality within the AQMA. Improvements and/ or mitigation will be sought wherever possible. The massing of residential developments adjacent to particular roads in the area should be carefully designed so as not to increase the number of people exposed to poor air quality.	
PM034	DA4 New England Quarter and London Road, page 58	Amend DA4.B B. Provision will be made by 2030 for the following minimum amounts of development through strategic allocations (below) and through allocations in the City Plan Part 2: • 1185 1,130 residential units;	Previously MM70
PM035	DA4 New England Quarter and London Road Area, Page 58	Amend DA4.C. ii ii. An appropriate mix of uses including residential (C3) and <u>ground floor</u> ancillary retail (A1) and restaurants and cafes (A3) <del>at ground floor</del> will be permitted;	Previously MM11
PM036	DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street Area, page 65	8. Ensuring that there is satisfactory provision of water and wastewater infrastructure to serve new development. Development will need to provide connection to off-site water distribution and sewerage systems at the nearest point of adequate capacity.	Previously MM57
PM037	DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street	Add paragraph 11 to Part A of policy: <b>11. Support improvement to higher education teaching and library space in the</b>	Previously MM79

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
	Area, page 65 and page 70	Eastern Road and Edward Street Area. Insert at end of paragraph 3.60:	
		Expansion and provision of additional teaching and library space for the universities, particularly the University of Brighton, at Circus Street and within the wider development area will be supported as an alternative use where other policy requirements are met (see paragraph 4.40 of CP3 Employment Land).	
PM038	DA5 Eastern Road and	Amend DA5.B	Previously MM71
	Edward Street Area, page 66	<ul> <li>B. The minimum amounts of development to be secured by 2030 through strategic allocations (below) and through allocations in the City Plan Part 2 are:</li> <li>470 515 residential units;</li> </ul>	
PM039	DA5 Eastern Road and	Amend DA5.C.1	Previously MM12
	Edward Street Area, page 66	1. Royal Sussex County Hospital Comprehensive redevelopment and enlargement of the hospital to provide 74,000sqm additional hospital ( <del>D</del> 4 <u>C2</u> use) floorspace	
PM040	DA5 Eastern Road and	Amend introductory paragraph to C2 Edward Street Quarter:	Previously MM59
	Edward Street Area, page 66	Employment-led redevelopment of the Edward Street Quarter (including former Amex House and the Job Centre) comprising demolition of the former Amex House and replacement with 15,000-20,000 sq m of high quality B1a office floorspace, <u>a minimum of</u> 65 residential units and ancillary shops (A1) and cafes and restaurants (A3). The proposal will be considered in the context of citywide policies and the following criteria:	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM041	DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street Area, page 68 and 71	<ul> <li>Amendment to DA5, allocation C4 and supporting text:</li> <li>C. 4. Freshfield Road Business Park and Gala Bingo Hall</li> <li>Long term opportunity for Mixed use redevelopment of the Freshfield Road Business Park and Gala Bingo Hall sites comprising a comprehensive approach to the site to improvement to the provision of employment floorspace including B1 office/light industrial floorspace and B8 warehousing and provision of a minimum of 110 residential units. The proposals will be considered against citywide policies and the following criteria:</li> <li>a) A comprehensive approach to the redevelopment of both sites will be required to ensure that Provide modern employment space is provided alongside and residential development, and Re-provision or retention of that a community or leisure facility (to retain or replace the Bingo Hall) will be included as part of the Gala Bingo Hall site scheme appropriate to the needs of the local community.</li> <li>b) The rRedevelopment across both parts of the site in terms of height of buildings and layout and re-introduce development along the frontage of Eastern Road.</li> <li>c) The developer will enter into a training place agreement to secure training for local people.</li> </ul>	Previously MM86
		3.65 The final strategic allocation for the area, Freshfield Road Business Park and	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		the Gala Bingo Hall and car park, has been identified as a development opportunity. <u>The Freshfield Road Business Park element of the site is well occupied and only</u> <u>likely to come forward</u> in the longer term (post 2024). The buildings within the Business Park are currently largely in storage and trade counter uses. Due to the accessible location of the site, which is on a sustainable transport corridor, and its topography (it is at a lower level than the surrounding area) it is considered there are major opportunities to use the site more effectively however it is recognised these units serve a useful function for the city. It is expected that the majority of residential development will be delivered on the Gala Bingo Hall and Car Park site, which can be delivered earlier in the plan period, with the a leisure or community use retained or re-provided as part of the redevelopment as part of a comprehensive scheme.	
PM042	DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street, page 69	<ul> <li>3.59 Sustainable transport initiatives and improvements to the public realm<sup>66</sup> are a priority for the area. and will contribute to the aims of the Low Emissions Strategy (2011) to improve air quality in the area.</li> <li><sup>66</sup> The Eastern Road Edward Street transport corridor has been identified in the 2007 Air Quality Detailed Assessment as exceeding the government's Air Quality Objective for nitrogen dioxide and is within the 200813 Air Quality Management Area. Air Quality is a priority in the vicinity of the Royal Sussex Hospital.</li> </ul>	Previously MM110
PM043	DA6 Hove Station Area, page 74	<ul> <li>DA6. B. Provision will be made by 2030 for the following minimum amounts of development within this Development Area:</li> <li>630 525 residential units;</li> </ul>	Previously MM72
PM044	DA6 Hove Station Area, page 76	3.70 Growth that is based on utilising the sustainable transport connections, in particular Hove Railway Station is a priority in order to facilitate development within the area. The Part of the Hove Station Area lies within the 2008 2013 declared Air Quality Management Area. within which <u>dD</u> evelopment proposals should pay particular regard to air quality, especially adjacent to the main transport roads and junctions such as the <u>of</u> Sackville Road and Old Shoreham Road <del>junction.</del>	Previously MM111

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		Developments must avoid increasing the number of people exposed to poor air quality and should not cause deterioration in air quality. New development proposals should take into account impact on local air quality be consistent with the council's Air Quality Action Plan and minimise increased exposure to existing poor air quality within the AQMA. Improvements and/ or mitigation will be sought wherever possible. Also several of the junctions in the area are at or near capacity so any additional traffic is likely to add to delays.	
PM045	DA7 Toad's Hole Valley, pages 79- 86	<ul> <li>DA7 – Toad's Hole Valley</li> <li>The strategy for the development of Toad's Hole Valley and Court Farm is to secure a modern, high quality and sustainable mixed use development to help meet the future needs of the city, improve accessibility and provide new community facilities to share with adjacent neighbourhoods.</li> <li>A. The local priorities to achieve this strategy are: <ol> <li>That the site is used efficiently and effectively to assist in meeting the development and infrastructure requirements of the city.</li> <li>Ensure that The development is of an will aim to be an exemplary standard in terms of environmental, social and economic sustainability, achievinges a One Planet approach and promotinges the city's UNESCO Biosphere objectives.</li> <li>Ensure that development respects the setting of the South Downs National Park and seeks to enhances links to the National Park for local residents and tourists.</li> <li>To secure The development that will benefit provide the opportunity to benefit residents in terms of the mix of uses, an improved provision of community facilities, road safety improvements, training and job opportunities for local people and the provision of green infrastructure including public open space and natural green space.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Previously MM89

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>5. To improve sustainable transport links to the area.</li> <li>6. To incorporate appropriate landscaping and planting to maximise opportunities to increase biodiversity across the site.</li> <li>7. Conserve and enhance the designated Site of Nature Conservation Importance.</li> <li>8. Protect sensitive groundwater source protection zones from pollution and ensure the reduction of no increase in surface water run-off and flood risk.</li> <li>9. Provide the necessary infrastructure for the development including water distribution and sewerage.</li> <li>B. Provision will be made for tThe following amounts and types of additional development key elements to will be provided by 2030:</li> <li>A minimum of 700 residential units</li> <li>A minimum 25,000sqm of B1 employment space <u>– site area 3.5 - 4.5 ha</u></li> <li>Site reserved for a A new secondary school – site area 5ha</li> <li>Public open space with children's play space and informal sports facilities – 2 ha hectares</li> <li>Provision of ancillary supporting uses – shops and cafes <u>and multi-use community building</u></li> <li>Multi use community facility</li> <li>Food growing space – 0.5 ha hectares</li> <li>Green infrastructure integrated through the site to deliver Biosphere objectives and contribute to Biodiversity Action Plan targets.</li> <li>Energy infrastructure such as district cooling, heating and power networks</li> </ul>	modifications
		1. Toad's Hole Valley east of the SNCI and south of the A27 embankment	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		Provision will be made for a high standard sustainable, mixed-use development across the site comprising a minimum of 700 residential units, <del>25,000sqm</del> B1 employment space, a new secondary school, a multi-use community facility and ancillary supporting uses.	
		The following criteria will form the framework for detailed planning guidance and the basis for considering development proposals <u>The proposals will be</u> assessed against the citywide policies and the following criteria:	
		<ul> <li>a) New development will be expected to make the best use of the site and residential densities should fall within a range of 50 - 75 dwellings per hectare.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>b) There will be a minimum of 50 per cent 3+ bedroom family sized dwellings provided as part of the residential scheme.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>c) The office element of the scheme will be high tech, modern office space that will provide a range of unit sizes to attract new businesses to the city and support growing business.</li> </ul>	
		d) Due regard will be given to the impact of development on the purposes and setting of the South Downs National Park <sup>79</sup> .	
		<ul> <li>e) Environmental sustainability will be central to the design and layout of the scheme which will be expected to meet <u>the requirements of policy CP8.</u> <u>Code for Sustainable Homes Level 6, BREEAM Outstanding and be zero</u> carbon (or carbon neutral).</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>f) Development within this area will be expected aim to incorporate infrastructure to support low and zero carbon decentralised energy and in</li> </ul>	
		particular heat networks subject to viability and deliverability.	
		g) The scheme will make provision for 5ha of land to accommodate a new secondary school to be developed in partnership with by the city council or its nominee.	
		h) Development will make <u>contributions towards</u> <del>provision for</del> improved	

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		<ul> <li>pedestrian and cycle links to the South Downs National Park.</li> <li>i) The provision of a new multi-use community facility to include a community meeting place, a doctor's surgery and a resource promoting links to the National Park.</li> <li>j) Development proposals will address the issues of highways safety on King George VI Avenue, noise and other traffic impacts from the A27 and provide improved links to adjacent residential areas.</li> <li>k) Improvements to public transport access and a good quality public realm that encourages healthy lifestyles (walking and cycling with connections to existing cycle infrastructure).</li> <li>l) Development will need to provide local infrastructure to the water and sewer system at the nearest point of adequate capacity.</li> <li>m) Provision of children's play facilities, public open space (2 ha. minimum), contributions towards improved links to existing parks and food-growing space (0.5 ha.) and opportunities.</li> <li>n) Developer contributions will be sought to secure the sustainable conservation and enhancement of the adjacent Site of Nature Conservation Importance.</li> <li>o) The developer will enter into a training place agreement to secure training for local people.</li> <li>p) The site will be the subject of detailed guidance provided in a future planning brief prepared in consultation with the landowners/developer and relevant stakeholders.</li> <li>q) Work in partnership with the Highways Agency and developer to improve the operational performance of the trunk road network and links to local roads that will be set out in a future planning brief for the area.</li> </ul>	
		3.83 Brighton & Hove is a tightly constrained urban area. With the sea to the south	

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		and the recently designated South Downs National Park boundaries drawn tightly to the city's edges there are few opportunities for the city to physically expand. The development needs of the city are such that making effective use of a scarce land supply is essential. This is particularly so given the need to balance development requirements with the city's need for open space and the need to safeguard the city's highly valued natural and historic environments.	
		3.84 Identifying land at Toad's Hole Valley for development represents an opportunity to secure new housing, employment, education, open space and community facilities for the city. It is also an opportunity to achieve exceptionally high standards of development, improve accessibility to this part of the city and secure new community facilities, green infrastructure and open space for residents of the new development and for adjacent neighbourhoods. As a result, development at Toad's Hole Valley should provide aim to be an exemplar of sustainable development and demonstrate that the city's UNESCO Biosphere Reserve objectives can be successfully integrated throughout the development scheme subject to viability and deliverability.	
		3.85 In terms of design, care will be taken to ensure that future development will not adversely affect views to and from the South Downs National Park. A future planning brief for the area will provide guidance for the future development of the site.	
		High standards of sustainable development	
		3.86 Environmental sustainability will be central to the design and layout of development at Toad's Hole Valley which will be expected to meet <u>the requirements</u> <u>set out in CP8 Sustainable Buildings</u> Code for Sustainable Homes Level 6, BREEAM Outstanding and be zero carbon or carbon neutral. When it can be demonstrated that sustainable building standards cannot be met on site, mitigation measures will be sought in accordance with policy CP8 Sustainable Buildings and CP7 Infrastructure and Developer Contributions through Allowable Solutions or an agreed	

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		local offset mechanism. Development will be expected to address the principles of a One Planet approach <sup>80</sup> and incorporate measures to help mitigate or adapt to climate change, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, address fuel poverty and security and reduce the city's ecological footprint <u>subject to viability and</u> <u>deliverability</u> . Measures to help achieve the delivery of these objectives include:	
		<ul> <li>facilitating low ecological footprint lifestyles and practices, both on site and in the surrounding area;</li> <li>rationalising site layout, street and building orientation to maximise passive design;</li> <li>maximising the potential to generate energy renewably on the site;</li> <li>delivering a decentralised energy network;</li> <li>offering options to extend energy infrastructure to the surrounding built environment;</li> <li>surface water run-off being controlled to maintain Greenfield run-off rates; and</li> <li>on and off site tree-planting to help reduce the impact of urban heat island effect</li> </ul>	
		3.87 The Brighton & Hove Energy Study has identified particular potential for networks for District Heating in and around this area as part of a long list of priority areas based upon straightforward installation opportunities and cost effectiveness. Development within the area will be expected to incorporate infrastructure to support low and zero carbon decentralised energy and in particular heat networks subject to viability <u>and deliverability</u> . <b>Housing</b>	
		3.88 The city's housing requirements are such that it is important for the council to identify all suitable opportunities to secure new housing for the city's growing population (see Policy CP1). The scale of housing requirements forecast for the city coupled with the constrained nature of the city's urban land supply supports the	

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		<ul> <li>planned release of this land at Toad's Hole Valley.</li> <li>3.89 The strategic allocation at Toad's Hole Valley will secure a significant amount of new housing provision of which a significant amount will be family-sized accommodation and affordable housing. Most of the city's urban sites are relatively</li> </ul>	
		small in terms of site area and more suited to flatted forms of development. The evidence base <sup>81</sup> indicates that over the course of the plan period, an estimated 53 per cent of overall housing need and demand is likely to be for larger (3 and 4 bedroom) properties and in terms of house types demand/need is likely to be greater for houses (68 per cent) than for flats (32 per cent) <sup>82</sup> . In reality, the likelihood of delivering this mix of housing in the city is restricted by the types of sites likely to be brought forward for development. Planned development at Toad's Hole Valley allows for a better housing mix to be integrated within the overall development. For this reason the policy requires at least 50 per cent of the new housing to be family-sized. The specified density range should also enable the provision of a mix of housing types and sizes to achieve a choice in the range of housing at this location and ensure effective use of the site whilst recognising this is an area of lower densities compared to the other seven development areas.	
		Employment Floorspace	
		3.90 The allocation of <u>3.5 – 4.5 ha site area for employment use with the aim of accommodating</u> a minimum of 25,000 sq m B1 employment floorspace at Toad's Hole Valley <u>that</u> will support a key growth sector in the economy - the knowledge based economy. This will be done by providing the opportunity for high quality, sustainable and flexible business space offering move-on space for successful companies that need to expand and incubation space linked to the universities. The Employment Land Study Review 2012 indicated that in light of the identified needs for industrial floorspace over the plan period there was the potential for some of the B1a, B1b, employment floorspace to be substituted by B1c light industrial floorspace subject to appropriate masterplanning. Parking provided in connection with a future	

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		office use may be considered for informal weekend Park + Ride where the criteria set out in the supporting text of policy <del>CP8</del> <u>CP9</u> Sustainable Transport can be met. <u>It is considered that the most appropriate location for the employment area is in</u> <u>close proximity to the trunk road network in terms of accessibility and amenity.</u>	
		Secondary School and Infrastructure	
		3.91 There is a strategic need for additional secondary school places in the city. Since 2005 the council has expanded a number of primary schools to provide an additional 11.5 forms of entry (345 more places) per year. These additional places will need to be provided in secondary schools by 2018. To go towards meeting this requirement it is proposed that <u>5 ha is reserved for</u> a 6 form-entry secondary school is provided on the site as part of the mixed use development. This would have a minimum space requirement of 5 hectares. Playing fields provided with the school should be made available for dual use with the local community when not being used by the school.	
		3.92 Southern Water has identified the need for water and wastewater infrastructure to serve new development and new development will need to connect to water and sewerage systems off site. This will determined when development comes forward and where appropriate, developer contributions will be sought towards meeting these priorities.	
		Phasing of Development	
		3.93 It is important that new residential development is not completed and occupied prior to the provision of supporting, ancillary and community uses (including the school, ancillary shops and the <u>multi-use</u> community facility) <u>are provided at the appropriate time so as not to</u> as this will lead to place an unacceptable burden on existing facilities. Therefore careful consideration should be given to the phasing of development on the site. Additionally the new employment floorspace represents an	

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		<ul> <li>important element of this mixed use scheme. The land should be retained for employment purposes and development should be delivered to a phasing programme to be agreed. A minimum of a first phase of the employment land should be completed prior to completion of the housing element of the scheme to stimulate the market. This will ensure the site will contribute to the overall supply of office floorspace in the city and should be delivered alongside the residential phases of development with due regard to the overall delivery of office floorspace in the city (see CP3).</li> <li>Transport</li> <li>3.94 The key issue for any comprehensive redevelopment of Toad's Hole Valley is to ensure there are improved sustainable transport links to the area. Work will be undertaken with sustainable transport providers to ensure that links are improved. In terms of promoting cycling and walking, improved links to adjacent neighbourhoods and to designated national cycle routes will be sought as part of a redevelopment scheme.</li> <li>3.95 The site is bounded by King George VI Avenue which is a main route into Hove from the A27 Bypass. The redevelopment of Toad's Hole Valley represents an opportunity to improve safety on this steep and curving road. Redevelopment proposals should give consideration to slowing traffic, realigning the road, providing off-street parking in accordance with parking standards and improving the local environment. More details will be provided in the future planning brief.</li> <li><u>3.96</u> The development is likely to have an effect on the operation of the Devils Dyke Junction with the A27. Work will be undertaken with the Highways Agency and developer, taking into account sustainable measures to reduce vehicular traffic, and mitigation measures will be identified to ensure the safe movement of traffic on the A27. Options will be developed as part of the future planning brief.</li> </ul>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<u>3.97</u> <del>3.96</del> Improved walking and cycling links to the South Downs National Park will be expected to be provided as part of the redevelopment scheme. This may involve improving existing links or providing new links to the Park.	
		Public Open Space	
		<u>3.98</u> <del>3.97</del> Toad's Hole Valley is privately owned and not accessible to local residents. As part of a redevelopment, provision a minimum of 2 ha of public open space should be provided as part of the scheme. This should include a children's playspace as well as a landscaped space and consideration should be given to ensuring long term maintenance.	
		3.99 $3.98$ As part of the scheme a minimum of 0.5 ha should be set aside for food growing by local residents within and in neighbourhoods near to, the site.	
		Local Shops, Community facilities	
		<u>3.100</u> <del>3.99</del> In addition to a new school as part of the scheme to the land reserved for a new school, provision should be made for a multi-purpose community facility that may include a doctor's surgery, a community meeting place and National Park Interpretation/education facility. Further facilities required as part of a balanced and sustainable community will be for local shops and services.	
		Site of Nature Conservation Importance (SNCI)	
		<u>3.101</u> 3.100 The western bank of Toad's Hole Valley is an identified SNCI and lies outside the strategic allocation for the area. As part of <u>the proposed development</u> a future redevelopment measures will be expected to be undertaken to improve the quality and biodiversity of the SNCI and to improve walkways through the area and to the National Park.	

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		Note: Footnotes for the policy have not been amended.	
PM046	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, page 87& 233	Amend <b>Policies Map, Key Diagram</b> , and <b>Key Illustration</b> to remove Boundary Road / Station Road from the Development Area boundary, and to make the boundary definite rather than indicative (to be consistent with draft Shoreham Harbour Joint Area Action Plan).	Supersedes MM14
		See revised maps attached at Appendix 1; see also PM112 for additional changes to Key Diagram.	
PM047	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, paragraph 3.103, page 88	<ul> <li>Additional bullet point:</li> <li><u>To maximise opportunities to support the City's sustainability objectives</u> <u>through large-scale zero and low-carbon energy technologies to serve the</u> <u>harbour and wider city, particularly those that take advantage of the harbour's</u> <u>coastal location. In particular the City Council will encourage any</u> <u>opportunities that arise to incorporate waste heat or other heat sources into</u> <u>the heat networks for the city.</u></li> </ul>	Previously MM15 and MM73
PM048	DA8 Shoreham Harbour page 88	DA8 – Shoreham Harbour The Council will work with Adur District Council, West Sussex County Council, Shoreham Port Authority and other key partners to support the long term regeneration of Shoreham Harbour and immediately surrounding areas. A Joint Area Action Plan (JAAP) is currently being prepared that will contain detailed policies for the harbour area. to address a range of issues, including the provision of infrastructure.	Previously MM80
PM049	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, page 88	DA8.A. Development Capacity 400 300 new residential, units within Brighton & Hove (which are included as	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		part of the city's long term overall housing target)	
PM050	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, page 89	i) South Quayside / Port Operational:	
PM051	DA8 Shoreham Harbour. page 89/90	<ul> <li>ii) Aldrington Basin: Area priorities: <ul> <li>a) <u>To designate Aldrington Basin as a Strategic Employment/Mixed-use Area</u> To to accommodate a vibrant mix of new and improved port operational facilities as well as compatible non-port employment uses, including A and B use classes. The balance of land uses will be determined in accordance with the future development brief that will form part of the JAAP.</li> <li>b) To maximise intensification and redevelopment opportunities of existing lower grade, vacant and under-used spaces.</li> <li>c) To accommodate appropriately located mixed-use residential development<sub>un</sub> in accordance with a future brief that will form part of the JAAP.</li> <li>d) To improve access arrangements and townscape upgrades to create better linkages to surrounding areas.</li> <li>d) To secure improvements to legibility, permeability and connectivity through high quality building design, townscape and public realm, whilst respecting and enhancing the character and environment of surrounding areas.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Previously MM119
		e) To ensure that all development takes into account the findings and	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		recommendations of the 2012 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment and any subsequent revisions current Flood Risk Assessments.         f)       To ensure that new development proposals take into account impact on local air quality and noise and that improvements and/or mitigation are sought wherever possible <sup>#</sup> .         Add new footnote:       # Part of this character area lies within the 2013 Air Quality Management Area.	
PM052	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, page 90	iii) North Quayside / South Portslade         Area priorities:         a) To develop North Quayside as a new and improved Port operational area accommodating new and relocated port uses with limited land reclamation and a new access road (within the Port boundary) in line with the Port Masterplan.         b) To designate South Portslade Industrial Area as a Strategic Employment/Mixed-use Area, including some appropriately located	Previously MM120
		<ul> <li>residential development, in accordance with a future brief that will form part of the JAAP.</li> <li>C) To secure improvements to legibility, permeability and connectivity through high quality building design, townscape and public realm, whilst respecting and enhancing the character and environment of surrounding areas.</li> <li>C) To improve connections and townscape around key linkages including Boundary Road/Station Road (B2194) district retailing centre, Church Road (B2193A293) and along the A259.</li> </ul>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>d) To ensure that all development takes in to account the findings and recommendations of the 2012 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment and any subsequent revisions current Flood Risk Assessment.</li> <li>e) To ensure that new development proposals take account of impact on local air quality noise and air quality impacts and that improvements are sought wherever possible. To ensure that new development proposals take into account impact on local air quality and noise and that improvements and/or mitigation are sought wherever possible.</li> </ul>	
PM053	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, page 91	3.105 These aspirations for the Shoreham Harbour area were subsequently identified in the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) for the South East (May 2009). The published South East Plan <sup>84</sup> indicates <u>d that</u> the Sussex Coast was a priority area for regeneration (SCT2) and specifically identifies <u>d</u> Shoreham Harbour as a Growth Point (SCT1). The harbour is one of three sites in Adur District described as requiring coordinated action to unlock economic development potential (Policy SCT3). An interim figure of 10,000 dwellings was identified subject to detailed studies.	Previously MM17
		Amend footnote 84: <sup>84</sup> Regional strategies remain part of the development plan until they are abolished by Order using powers taken in the Localism Act. <u>The Regional Strategy for the South East (Part Revocation) Order</u> 2013 came into force on 25 March 2013. Therefore, the South East Plan no longer forms part of the <u>Development Plan for the Plan area.</u>	
PM054	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, pages 91-92	3.109 The Port is important regionally for the landing, processing and handling of minerals and as such mineral wharf <u>facilities</u> are safeguarded under "Policy WMP15 - Safeguarding railheads and wharves" of the East Sussex, South Downs and Brighton & Hove Waste and Minerals Plan (adopted February 2013). As a result development proposals affecting minerals wharves are required to demonstrate that there is no net loss of capacity for handling minerals within the <u>P</u> ort. A similar policy	Previously MM18

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		is likely to may be included within the emerging West Sussex Minerals Local Plan. The two waste mineral planning authorities (Brighton & Hove and West Sussex) are currently preparing guidance in liaison with the Port Authority to set out clearly what the implications of the policy are and what is required of applicants as part of the planning process. The mechanism for safeguarding minerals handling capacity within the Port is to be considered in detail in the JAAP.	
PM055	DA8 Shoreham Harbour, page 92	3.110 The Shoreham Harbour Regeneration Partnership (comprising Adur District Council, Brighton & Hove City Council and West Sussex County Council) have prepared are in the process of preparing an Investment Strategy which will provides a work programme for delivering the regeneration proposals and will underpin the emerging JAAP. The infrastructure requirements for the Harbour area will be set out in the Infrastructure Delivery Plans (IDP) that underpin <del>s</del> the City Plan and the Adur Local Plan.	
PM056	SA1 The Seafront, page 96	SA1.C.1 Provision of <u>a minimum</u> 400 residential units	Previously MM100
PM057	SA1 The Seafront, page 97	Amend footnote 89: <sup>89</sup> Seafront Strategy is <del>due</del> <u>planned</u> to be adopted <del>Spring 2013</del> <u>in 2015.</u>	
PM058	SA1 The Seafront, page 99	3.122 The Air Quality Further Review and Assessment (2010) and the Air Quality Action Plan (2011) identified certain junctions on the A259 as exceeding the annual nitrogen dioxide air quality objectives and the A259 between Arundel Road and the city boundary with Adur District Council is included within the 2008 declared Air Quality Management Area. Much of the A259 corridor is included within the 2013 Air Quality Management Area.	Previously MM112
PM059	SA1 The Seafront, page 99	Insert new sentence at end of paragraph 3.123: The Marine Management Organisation will be preparing a marine plan for the south	Previously MM19

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<u>coast of England which will inform and guide marine users and regulators and seek</u> to manage the sustainable development of marine industries such as wind farms, shipping, marine aggregates and fishing alongside the need to conserve and protect marine species, habitats and leisure uses. Where appropriate regard will be had to the marine plan in Part 2 of the City Plan.	
PM060	SA1 The Seafront, Paragraph 3.124, page 99	3.124 The 'Brighton Marina to River Adur Strategy' recommends the maintenance of existing coastal defences with some enlargement of groynes and beaches in the King Alfred area and a scheme to upgrade defences between the western end of Hove Lagoon and the River Adur through Shoreham Port. The Strategy will be is being revised following advice and funding from Defra.	Previously MM20
PM061	SA2 Central Brighton, page 103	7. Ensure new development proposals take into account impact on local air <u>quality and that improvements and/ or mitigation are sought wherever</u> <u>possible.</u> The council will <u>work with public transport providers, freight</u> <u>transport operators and</u> secure <u>road junction and</u> urban realm improvements to reduce congestion and <u>emissions, to</u> improve air quality and encourage improved pedestrian and cycling movements within the city centre (See CP13).	Previously MM113
PM062	SA2 Central Brighton, page 106	3.141 Central Brighton is designated <u>within</u> an Air Quality Management Area <u>with</u> <u>North Street, Queen's Road and Western Road exceeding the annual nitrogen</u> <u>dioxide air quality objectives</u> <sup>103</sup> . New development proposals within the AQMA <u>should take account of their impact on local air quality, be consistent with the council</u> <u>Air Quality Action Plan and minimise increased exposure to existing poor air quality.</u> <u>Where appropriate improvements and/or mitigation measures will be sought.</u> <del>and</del> <u>tThe council's Air Quality Action Plan sets out the priorities to improve local air</u> <u>quality and the Local Transport Plan and subsequent updates will address junction</u> <u>improvements and traffic management in the area. The council is investigating the</u> <u>development of a Low Emission Zone in the central city area.</u> Supporting this, there <u>will be is</u> a continuing <u>programme</u> scheme of urban realm improvements <sup>104</sup> which will be informed, undertaken and developed as part of a consistent vision based on the	Previously MM114

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		findings of the Public Space, Public Life Study (2007). <sup>103</sup> Air Quality <u>Management Area 2013</u> Further Review and Assessment (2010) and the Air Quality Action Plan (2011) identified that West St, North St, Queen's Road and Western Road exceed the government's air quality objectives for nitrogen dioxides.	
PM063	SA3 Valley Gardens, page 109	<ul> <li>The Level – the vibrant recreation and leisure space</li> <li>Pursue a comprehensive landscaping scheme for The Level that will distinguish functions of spaces, enhance entrances, extend the range of facilities and improve public safety.</li> <li>Improve the legibility and safety of key pedestrian and cycle links to London Road and the Open Market.</li> <li>Enhance the public realm to the south of The Level.</li> <li>Ensure the specific provision of facilities for older younger people with appropriate activity areas.</li> <li>Amend paragraph 3.145:</li> <li>3.145 New landscaping and planting must also reinforce existing local character and may include productive planting that contributes towards improving urban food productivity where appropriate. A Landscape Design Report was approved for The Level in 2011, following public consultation, and forms a master plan for the comprehensive improvement of the park in a manner which will restore and reanimate this key public space. The Level was restored and landscaped in line with the master plan for the comprehensive improvement of the park in a manner which will restore and reanimate this key public space. The Level was restored and landscaped in line with the master plan for the comprehensive improvement of the park in a manner which will restore and reanimate this key public space. The Level was restored and landscaped in line with the master plan for the comprehensive improvement of the park in a manner which will restore and reanimate this key public space. The Level was restored and landscaped in line with the master plan for the comprehensive improvement of the park in a manner which was re-opened in 2013.</li> </ul>	
PM064	SA4 Urban Fringe, page 111- 113	3.154 In many instances the South Downs National Park boundary is contiguous with the built up urban edge of the city. The urban fringe is therefore now made up of 'pockets' of residual green space rather than any homogenous green 'belt' around	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>the city. These areas are vulnerable to development pressures, farm fragmentation and anti-social behaviour such as fly-tipping, vandalism and inappropriate recreational activity such as illegal motor biking. Elsewhere there has been piecemeal enclosure both for the keeping of horses and garden use. Much of the city's urban fringe meets the NPPF definition of existing open space and represents a significant proportion of the city's open space resource. The urban fringe is also important in terms of biodiversity and designations include the South Downs Way Ahead Nature Improvement Area, Local Nature Reserves (LNRs) and Sites of Nature Conservation Interest.<sup>#</sup></li> <li>3.155 Within the urban fringe, there will be some opportunities for development to help meet citywide needs. The appropriate nature and form of any such</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li><u>development will need to reflect the need</u> Careful use and management of land within the urban fringe is therefore essential in terms of helping to retain the setting of the city in its downland landscape.</li> <li>Add new footnote:</li> </ul>	
		<u># SNCIs have been reviewed and will be renamed Local Wildlife Sites in Part 2 of the City Plan.</u>	
		The Where appropriate, the council will promote and support the careful use and management of land within the urban fringe to achieve the following objectives:	
		1. The protection and enhancement of the wider landscape role of land within the urban fringe, the setting of the South Downs National Park and the protection of strategic views into and out of the city.	
		2. Securing better management of the urban fringe, environmental	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		improvements and safe public access to the countryside through sustainable means.	
		3. The promotion of the urban fringe <u>land</u> as part of the city's green network and, where appropriate, encouraging opportunities for multi-functional uses such as, appropriate recreation and cultural experience, new allotments and local food production and biodiversity conservation and enhancements (see CP10 Biodiversity).	
		4. The protection of sensitive groundwater source protection zones from pollution and encouraging land management practices that reduce rapid surface water runoff and soil erosion.	
		5. The creation of 'gateway' facilities and interpretative facilities in connection with the South Downs National Park to support sustainable tourism.	
		Development within the urban fringe will not be permitted except where:	
		a) a site has been allocated for development in a development plan document; or	
		b) a countryside location can be justified;	
		and where it can be clearly demonstrated that:	
		<ul> <li>c) the proposal has <u>had</u> regard to the downland landscape setting of the city;</li> <li>d) all any adverse impacts of development are minimised and appropriately <u>mitigated and/or</u> compensated for; and</li> <li>e) where appropriate, the proposal helps to achieve the policy objectives set out above.</li> </ul>	
		Should proposals for development come forward prior to the adoption of Part 2 of the City Plan, the 2014 Urban Fringe Assessment will be a material	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		planning consideration in the determination of applications for residential	
		development within the urban fringe.	
		Insert the following new Paragraph between 3.157 and 3.158 :	
		Some land within the city's urban fringe has been identified as having potential to	
		help meet the city's housing requirements (see Part B, Policy CP1 Housing	
		Delivery). Sites identified through the 2014 Urban Fringe Assessment Study (or	
		parts of sites where relevant) will be considered to have potential for housing in the	
		Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment exercise. Further consideration and	
		a more detailed assessment of potential housing sites will be undertaken to inform	
		allocations made in Part 2 of the City Plan with a particular emphasis on delivering	
		housing to meet local needs. As part of this process, the City Council will consider	
		how best to ensure that opportunities for community land trusts, community-led	
		development, right to build, and housing co-operatives are brought forward/	
		safeguarded in order to maximise housing opportunities that meet local housing needs. This will be taken forward through the City Plan Part 2. Sites coming forward	
		for development ahead of the preparation of Part 2 of the City Plan will need to	
		address criteria c) to e) set out in Policy SA4 above and satisfy detailed information	
		requirements <sup>#</sup> at the planning application stage.	
		roquiromonio ai ino planning approation olago:	
		Add new footnote:	
		# This may include, for example, landscape assessment, ecology and archaeology surveys, traffic assessments and possibly Environmental Impact Assessment.	
PM065	SA5 The South	SA5 The <u>Setting of the</u> South Downs <u>National Park</u>	Previously MM22
	Downs, pages		
	114-117	The Council will work in partnership with the South Downs National Park	
		Authority and adjoining authorities and landowners to protect and enhance	
		the natural beauty of the South Downs National Park. Proposals within the	

setting of the National Park must have regard to the impact on the National Park, in particular the purposes of the National Park and the ability of the South Downs National Park. Authority to deliver its duty. Development within the setting of the National Park. a. Must have due regard to its impact on the South Downs National Park, its setting and upon Should be consistent with and not prejudice National Park purposes and, where appropriate, the duty of the National Park Authority Any adverse impacts must be minimised and appropriate mitigation or componsatory measures included. Such measures, including proposed enhancements, should have regard to landscape character and impact; b. Should be consistent with National Park purposes and duty and mMust respect and not significantly harm the National Park and its setting, in accordance with Section 62 of the Environment Act 1995, or prejudice National Park purposes. Any adverse impacts must be minimised and appropriate mitigation or compensatory measures included. Such measures, including proposed enhancements, should have regard to landscape character and impacts; and c. Should have due regard to the City Council's priorities for the South Downs where appropriate. The council, which is not the planning authority for the National Park but is a key landowner, recognises the following priorities for the south downs and National Park land that falls within the city's administrative area: 1. To promote Biosphere Reserve principles and objectives, bringing people and nature together. 2. To promote sustainable land use management systems on the downs with	Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
greater emphasis on local healthy food production, diversification and farming	Ref	Policy, page no.	<ul> <li>setting of the National Park must have regard to the impact on the National Park, in particular the purposes of the National Park and the ability of the South Downs National Park Authority to deliver its duty. Development within the setting of the National Park:         <ul> <li>a. Must have due regard to its impact on the South Downs National Park, its setting and upon Should be consistent with and not prejudice National Park purposes and, where appropriate, the duty of the National Park Authority Any adverse impacts must be minimised and appropriate mitigation or compensatory measures included. Such measures, including proposed enhancements, should have regard to landscape character and impact;</li> <li>b. Should be consistent with National Park purposes and duty and mMust respect and not significantly harm the National Park and its setting, in accordance with Section 62 of the Environment Act 1995. or prejudice National Park purposes. Any adverse impacts must be minimised and appropriate mitigation or compensatory measures included. Such measures, including proposed enhancements, should have regard to landscape character and impact;</li> <li>b. Should be consistent with National Park purposes and duty and mMust respect and not significantly harm the National Park and its setting, in accordance with Section 62 of the Environment Act 1995. or prejudice National Park purposes. Any adverse impacts must be minimised and appropriate mitigation or compensatory measures included. Such measures, including proposed enhancements, should have regard to landscape character and impact; and</li> <li>c. Should have due regard to the City Council's priorities for the South Downs where appropriate.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The council, which is not the planning authority for the National Park but is a key landowner, recognises the following priorities for the south downs and National Park land that falls within the city's administrative area:         <ul< td=""><td>Previous modifications</td></ul<></li></ul>	Previous modifications

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		3. To conserve and enhance downland habitats and species to meet Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP) targets and recognise the role of the Downs in the city's Green Network/Nature Improvement Area/open space framework (see CP10 Biodiversity and CP16 Open Space);	
		4. To protect scheduled ancient monuments <sup>111</sup> and other downland features;	
		5. To protect sensitive aquifer protection zones and address catchment flood management issues.	
		6. To increase the amount of accessible land adjacent to the urban area and enhance access from the urban area to the Downs by sustainable transport including by walking, cycling and public transport modes (see CP9 Sustainable Transport and CP18 Healthy City).	
		7. To promote a stronger visitor experience between the city and the South Downs, facilitate sustainable eco tourism in the South Downs and the provision of gateway facilities to the South Downs National Park. In particular, to recognise the role of Stanmer Park within the National Park and the need to manage parking and traffic in order to reduce the risk of degradation of gateway areas and facilitate improved sustainable transport links. (See SA4 Urban Fringe, CP5 Culture and Tourism and CP9 Sustainable Transport).	
PM066	SA5 The South Downs, pages 116-117	3.165 The purpose of this policy is to provide clear planning guidance for proposals within the setting of the National Park and also as a strategic policy, to set out the council's aspirations for the South Downs to inform planning proposals or including land within the National Park future partnership working with the National Park Authority as appropriate. The majority of this land the countryside within the city's administrative boundary is owned and leased to tenants by the city council	Previously MM23

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		3.166 An important role of the National Park Authority is to promote understanding of the South Downs and to promote access to the <u>National</u> Park by sustainable means. A number of these measures are likely to be implemented within the administrative area of Brighton and Hove and this emphasises the need for good partnership working. Stanmer Park is a Grade II registered park of special historic interest: a 485 hectare rural estate with landscaped park, buildings and gardens, a village, farmland, woodland and amenity grassland used as public open space and all falling within the National Park with much in the ownership of the city council. It is covered by a variety of nature conservation and conservation designations and is a major recreational resource for residents of and visitors to the city. <u>Stanmer Park itself will be covered by the South Downs National Park Local Plan, however, there may be planning implications for the City Council because it Brighton &amp; Hove City Council seeks to promote access to the South Downs by developing Stanmer Park as a gateway, promoting access and improving public transport. <u>Similarly There is also</u> the need to manage parking at gateway locations in order to reduce the risk of degradation of these areas and to link them to a sustainable transport system <u>could have planning implications for the City Council</u>.</u>	
		3.168 The council, which is not the planning authority for the National Park but is a key landowner, recognises the following priorities for the South Downs within the city's administrative area and will take them into account in future partnership working with the National Park Authority:	
		1. To promote Biosphere Reserve principles and objectives, bringing people and nature together;	
		2. To promote sustainable land use management systems on the Downs with greater emphasis on local healthy food production, diversification and farming practices that are sympathetic to wider downland objectives;	
		3. To conserve and enhance downland habitats and species to meet Biodiversity	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		Action Plan (BAP) targets and recognise the role of the Downs in the city's Green Network/Nature Improvement Area/open space framework (see CP10 Biodiversity and CP16 Open Space);	
		4. To protect scheduled monuments <sup>#</sup> and other downland features;	
		5. To protect sensitive aquifer protection zones and address catchment flood management issues;	
		6. To increase the amount of accessible land adjacent to the urban area and enhance access from the urban area to the Downs by sustainable transport including by walking, cycling and public transport modes (see CP9 Sustainable Transport and CP18 Healthy City); and	
		7. To promote a stronger visitor experience between the city and the South Downs, facilitate sustainable eco tourism in the South Downs and provide gateway facilities to the South Downs National Park. In particular, to recognise the role of Stanmer Park within the National Park and the need to manage parking and traffic in order to reduce the risk of degradation of gateway areas and facilitate improved sustainable transport links. (See SA4 Urban Fringe, CP5 Culture and Tourism and CP9 Sustainable Transport).	
		Insert new footnote:	
		# A statutorily protected building, structure or feature of national importance because of its archaeological and historic interest.	
PM067	SA6 Sustainable Neighbourhoods, Page 119	Amend footnote 115: <sup>115</sup> Child Poverty Strategy 2011 Brighton & Hove Child Poverty Commissioning Strategy 2012-2015 (2012)	Previously MM24
PM068	SA6 Sustainable	A. 8. Deliver balanced communities through the requirement for new	Previously MM55

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
	Neighbourhoods, page 120	residential development to provide an appropriate amount of affordable housing, mix of dwelling sizes and tenure types and <u>to</u> ensure new housing meets lifetime homes standards <u>and minimum dwelling space standards</u> . In areas where there is a concentration of social rented housing, a better choice of housing tenures will be sought (see CP1 Housing Delivery, <u>CP19 Housing</u> <u>Mix</u> and CP20 Affordable Housing).	
PM069	1069       SA6 Sustainable       Add bullet point to the list of aims in paragraph 3.172:         Neighbourhoods,       page 121       • ensure new residential development provides for an appropriate mix of dwelling types and tenures and meets minimum space standards.		Previously MM56
PM070	SA6 Sustainable Neighbourhoods, page 121	<ul> <li>3.173 The policy requires joint working between partners, including other public agencies for example the NHS commissioning organisations and health care providers, the police, education providers (schools, colleges and universities), community and community and voluntary sector organisations, transport providers, businesses, and residents. Brighton &amp; Hove <u>Connected<sup>118</sup></u> is the Local Strategic <u>Partnership for the city. Brighton &amp; Hove Connected</u> 's Strategic Partnership<sup>418</sup> and its 'family of partnerships'<sup>119</sup> will help to enable effective partnership working.</li> <li>Amend footnote 118:</li> <li><sup>118</sup>The Brighton &amp; Hove <u>Connected Strategic Partnership</u> brings together representatives from the local statutory, voluntary, community and private sectors to address local problems, allocate funding, and discuss strategies and overarching Sustainable Community Strategy for the area. They aim to encourage joint working, and community involvement with the general aim of ensuring resources are better allocated at a local level.</li> </ul>	
PM071	SA6 Sustainable Neighbourhoods,	Amend footnote 122:	Previously MM25
	page 124	<sup>122</sup> Open Space, Sport and Recreation Study 2009 2008 establishes a baseline of existing provision	

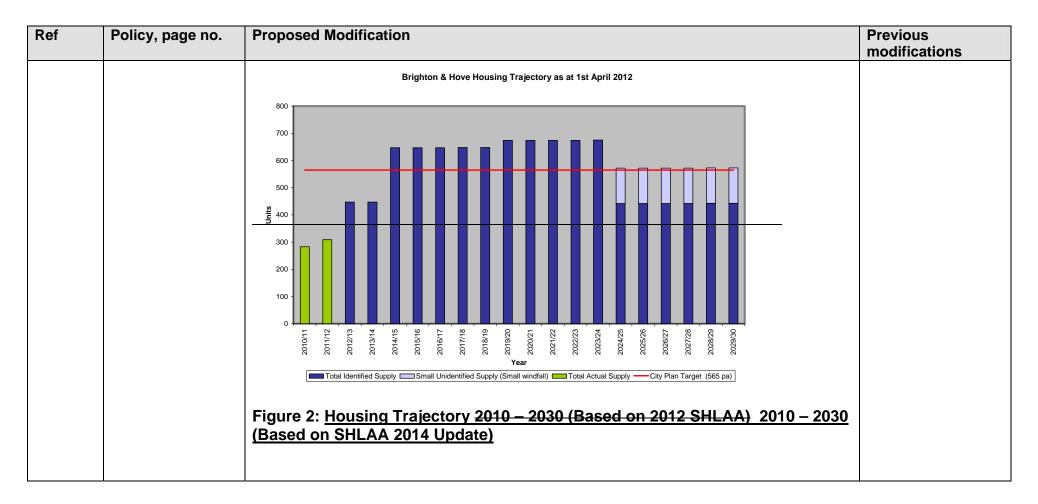
Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification			Previous modifications
		and proposes standards for quality, quantity and a space, recreation and sport provision.	ccessibility. It identifies prioritie	s for future open	
PM072	CP1 Housing Delivery, pages 127-132	<ul> <li>Amend first sentence in Part A of policy:</li> <li>The council will make provision for at I built over the plan period 2010 – 2030 (of provision of 565 660 dwellings).</li> <li>Amend Part B of Policy:</li> <li>B: Distribution of new housing.</li> <li>New housing will be delivered broadly</li> </ul>	this equates to an annua	al average rate	Supersedes MM26, MM29, MM49, MM52, MM90, MM91, MM92, MM94, MM95, MM96, MM97 and MM98
		Area / Source of Supply	No. of new homes		
		Development Area	NO. OF HEW HOMES		
		DA1 – Brighton Centre and Churchill Square Area	20		
		DA2 – Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area	1940		
		DA3 – Lewes Road Area	<del>810</del> 875		
		DA4 – New England Quarter and London Road Area	<del>1185</del> <u>1130</u>		
		DA5 – Eastern Road and Edward Street Area	470 515		
		DA6 – Hove Station Area	<del>630</del> 525		
		DA7 –Toad's Hole Valley	700		
		DA8 – Shoreham Harbour	<del>400</del>		

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification		Previous modifications
			300	modifications
		Development Area Total	<u>6155</u>	
			6005	
		Development Across Rest of City:	<u>3945</u>	
		a) <u>Within the built up area</u>	4130	
		b) Within the urban fringe <sup>#</sup>	1060	
		Small identified sites	650	
			765	
		Small Windfall Development	600 <sup>125</sup>	
		•	<b>1250</b> <sup>125</sup>	
		Total	<del>11,350</del>	
			<u>13,210</u>	
		Insert footnote: <u># As defined in policy SA4 the City Plan Part 1.</u>		
		Amend footnote 125:		
		<ul> <li><sup>125</sup>An allowance for small windfall development ha</li> <li><del>2024 – 2030;</del> although it is anticipated that small we housing target in earlier parts of the plan period. A been made across the plan period. See 2014 SHL</li> </ul>	vindfall development will contribute to meeting n allowance for small windfall development h	<del>g the</del>
		4.2 Based on demographic factors, (reflect household growth), the city's full (unconsti- market and affordable housing, over the p new homes to 2030. This would equate to annum) <u>A series of studies indicate that to</u>	rained) housing requirement, for both lan period has been assessed at 15,8 an annual average of 790new homes	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		assessed housing need' (housing demand and need) over the plan period to 2030 could mean needing to build between 900 – 1200 dwellings per annum or 18,000 – 24,000 dwellings to 2030 <sup>127</sup> .	
		Amend footnote 127:	
		<sup>127</sup> Brighton & Hove City Council, Housing Requirements Study Update, GL Hearn, October 2012 Assessment of Housing Development Needs Study: Sussex Coast HMA, May 2014.	
		4.4 The City Plan housing target for a minimum of 11,300 13,200 new homes reflects the capacity and availability of land/sites in the city, the need to provide for a mix of homes to support the growth and maintenance of sustainable communities, the need to make provision in the city for other essential development (for employment, retail, health and education facilities, other community and leisure facilities) and the need to respect the historic, built and natural environment of the city.	
		 4.6 The spatial strategy for the city is set out earlier in this Plan (see Spatial Strategy, Section 2). In broad terms, the strategy seeks to direct a significant amount of new development to eight identified Development Areas (see Policies DA1-8) which either already benefit from close proximity to good sustainable transport links or are areas where accessibility can be improved; are areas which offer significant capacity for new development and are areas where new development and/or regeneration and renewal will secure substantial benefits for the city. <u>The strategy</u> for accommodating growth in the city continues to maximise development opportunities from brownfield sites within the built up area but it also acknowledges that some housing development will come forward from some of the city's urban fringe sites. This is reflected in Part B of Policy CP1.	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		4.7 The eight Development Areas account for just over half (54%) <u>45%</u> of the planned amount of new housing for the city. Within the Development Areas, the City Plan makes strategic allocations to secure the delivery of 3235 new dwellings (see spatial policies DA2 – DA8). In other parts of the city, there are also a significant range of opportunities for new residential development (through, for example conversions, redevelopment and changes of use) and such development will help to promote and secure the establishment of sustainable communities. Residential development will be required to respect the local character and distinctiveness of neighbourhoods (see also SA6, CP12 and CP14).	
		4.8 Over the last 15 years <sup>128</sup> the average rate of new housing development in Brighton & Hove has been around $\frac{550}{540}$ dwellings per annum. More recently, annual rates of housing delivery have been far lower than this reflecting the ongoing impacts of global economic recession <sup>129</sup> .	
		Amend footnote 128:	
		<sup>128</sup> 1997/8 – 2011/12, Residential completions data. <u>1999/00 – 2013/14 Residential</u> Completions Data.	
		4.10 The city's housing target implies an annual average rate of $565 \ 660$ dwellings per annum over the plan period as a whole. Based on the 2012 <u>4</u> SHLAA update, the housing trajectory <sup>130</sup> demonstrates that housing delivery in the city has been well below this in the first four years of the plan period (2010-2014), reflecting the impacts of economic recession. The trajectory anticipates that housing delivery is likely to achieve at least this rate in the first ten years after plan adoption (2014 – 2024) will increase in the (post adoption) five year supply period 2014 – 2019 and looks likely to achieve the planned average delivery rate of 660 units per annum. In	
		the following six to ten year supply period (2019 - 2024), housing delivery rates are	

Ref Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
	anticipated to increase significantly with delivery coming through from a number of the city's larger strategic development sites. For the post 2024 period, the trajectory indicates that housing delivery is again likely to exceed the planned average delivery rate. The council's Housing Implementation Strategy (HIS) identifies a range of positive planning management actions and measures to ensure that housing delivery is achieved assist in across the plan period in accordance with guidance in the NPPF for maintaining a five year supply of deliverable housing bringing forward sites for development should this prove necessary. The HIS also identifies that further site allocations will be made through the preparation of Part 2 of the City Plan. Amend footnote 130: <sup>130</sup> As informed by the 2012 SHLAA Update the 2014 Revised Trajectory. Replace Figure 2 with revised Housing Trajectory: <b>Figure 2: Housing Trajectory 2010 – 2030 (Based on 2012 SHLAA)</b>	



Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		Housing Trajectory Revised Position 2014	
		900 ,	
		800	
		<u>\$2</u> 500 5 400	
		200	<b>—</b> ——
		2011/112 2011/112 2011/112 2011/115 2015/16 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2011/118 2021/122 2022/122 2023/24 2023/26 2023/26 2022/23	2028/29
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20
		Completions (Affordable Housing) Completions (Market Element)	
		Affordable Housing Delivery (estimate of 30% per annum from 2014)     Identified Supply (Market Element)     Identified Supply (Small windfall allowance)	
		City Plan Annual Target (660pa)	
		Amend footnote 131:	
		<sup>131</sup> SHLAA <del>2012</del> <u>2014</u> Update.	
		4.12 The table below illustrates that approximately 3230 3,740 dwelling	s have either
		already been built since 2010 or are currently 'committed' for development	
		of either sites having an extant planning permission or an allocation allo	ocated in the
		2005 Brighton & Hove Local Plan. This plan makes strategic site allocat	
		achieve a further 3635 dwellings. Further capacity is identified for an ad <u>4585</u> dwellings and appropriate site allocations will need to be made in	
		City Plan. These 'identified' sources comprise <u>90</u> 5% of the overall hous	
		2030.	

Ref								Previous modifications	
		Table 4: Housin (Based on <del>2012</del>			(down 2010	- 2030			
		Spatial Area	Already Built or Committed	Strategic Allocations	Broad Locations / <u>Source</u>	Further Capacity Identified in SHLAA	Allowan ce For windfall	Total	
		DAs							
		DA1	13	0		7		20	
		DA2	855	1085		0		1940	
		DA3	120 126	300		<del>390</del> 449		<u>850</u> 875	
		DA4	285 380	615		<del>285</del> 135		<del>1185</del> 1130	
		DA5	0 0 10	335		<del>135</del> 170		470 515	
		DA6	<u>120</u> 90	200		310 235		630 525	
		DA7	0	700		0		700	
		DA8	θ 52		400 248			400 300	
		DA	<del>13</del> 90	3235	400	1130		<del>6155</del>	
		Total Rest of City	<u>1525</u> <del>1190</del>		<u>250</u> 500	<u>1000</u> <del>1856</del>		<u>6005</u> <del>3945</del>	
		a) <u>Built</u> <u>up area</u> b) <u>Urban</u> <u>Fringe</u>	<u>1450</u>	400	<u>390</u>	<u>1890</u> <u>1060</u>		<u>4130</u> <u>1060</u>	
		Small id. Sites	<del>650</del> 765					650 765	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modifi	cation						Previous modifications
		Small Windfall					<del>600</del> <u>1250</u>	<del>600</del> 1250	
		Total	<del>3230</del> <u>3740</u>	3635	<del>900</del> <u>640</u>	<del>2985</del> <u>3945</u>	<del>600</del> <u>1250</u>	<del>11350</del> <u>13210</u>	
		<ul> <li>4.13 Brighton &amp; of the South Dow As a consequent take place on produce of the nore boundaries of the contribute a sign of a mixed use of city (see DA7). Fer wider urban fringer of the City Plan. consideration in urban fringe site (see Policy SA4)</li> <li>4.15 Government and/or broad loc the first ten year described above</li> </ul>	wns National Pa ce, the majority eviously develo strategic alloc th of the city will e National Park ificant amount comprehensive Part B of Policy ge will contribut deration and de The 2014 Urba the determinat s that come for Urban Fringe).	ark are conti ( <del>(94%)</del> <u>(87%</u> ) pped land or ation for the hich is a larg ( <u>See DA7</u> ). of new hous developmen <u>CP1 also ind</u> <u>eto housing</u> <u>etailed asses</u> <u>ion of any ap</u> ward prior to ming <u>policy</u> e entified to me . In reality, s	guous with t <u>6)</u> of new res 'brownfield' development ge greenfield Development ing development ing development <u>bing development</u> <u>bing </u>	the built up a sidential dev sites. The P int of land at l site falling of ent at this loo ment for the some sites vill to sites will be to r residentia on of Part 2 of l' site develo	area of the relopment of Plan does Toad's Ho Dutside the Cation will city and, a city and city and city and city and city a city a	city. will le as part for the <u>city's</u> <u>rward</u> <u>Part 2</u> <u>hent on</u> <u>Plan</u>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		towards meeting the planned housing requirements for the city and ongoing five year supply requirements. <u>The potential supply from small windfall site development is</u> <u>reflected in the planned housing target for the city (see Part B of Policy CP1).</u> In this way, development from small windfall development activity will supplement housing supply achieved from identified sites and also provide a measure of contingency should there be an element of non-delivery from some of the large development sites. Given the NPPF requirements, a minimal allowance for development from this source has only been included as part of the city's projected land supply after 2024.	
		Amend footnote 132:	
		$^{132}$ Small site development <u>has</u> accounted for approximately <u>35%</u> <del>36%</del> of total residential development across the city over the last 10 years.	
		4.16 The housing trajectory is based upon reasonable <u>and realistic</u> assumptions about the deliverability of housing over the plan period. The trajectory illustrates that the rate of housing delivery in the city is expected to increase over the first ten years of the plan period <del>(post adoption)</del> reflecting anticipated recovery in the economy and financial markets which has severely affected development rates in the early years of the plan period. The trajectory will be updated and reviewed on an annual basis to track delivery progress against planned housing requirements and the requirement to maintain a five year supply of housing land/sites. This will be reported through the council's annual Authority Monitoring Report. The council's Housing Implementation Strategy outlines how housing delivery will be managed over the plan period.	
PM073	CP2 Planning for Sustainable	Include new criteria between CP2.5 and CP2.6:	Previously MM74
	Economic Development, page 133, 136- 137	6. Recognise the importance of employment-generating non-B Class uses to the local economy. Appropriate allocations for non-B Class uses will be made through the City Plan Part 2.	
		Amend paragraph 4.26:	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		4.26 The city contains a number of major employment generators including the two universities and the Royal Sussex County Hospital and the council will work with the higher and further education sector, Sussex University Hospital NHS Trusts and NHS Brighton & Hove to support appropriate expansion (see DA3 Lewes Road Area, DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street Area and CP18 Healthy City). Other non- traditional employment generators (non B-class uses) in the city include retail and leisure uses. Non-B Class uses are estimated to account for approximately 71% of all jobs in Brighton & Hove. This is expected to remain broadly consistent over the plan period to 2030. Development Area proposals, SA2 Central Brighton, CP4 Retail Provision and CP6 Culture and Tourism set out how the City Plan will address addresses retail, culture, leisure and tourism needs to 2030. Appropriate allocations for employment-generating non-B Class uses will be included in the City Plan part 2.	
PM074	CP2 Planning for Sustainable Economic Development, page 136	Amend last sentence of paragraph 4.23: 4.23 The <u>council's emerging Brighton &amp; Hove</u> Economic Strategy <del>Refresh<sup>146</sup> will</del> set <u>s</u> clear aspirations for the City that will help to demonstrate how it can move towards becoming a low carbon economy. Amend footnote 146: <sup>146</sup> Due to be a <u>A</u> dopted March June 2013.	
PM075	CP3 Employment Land, pages 138- 139	3. Protection of the following primary industrial estates and business parks for business, manufacturing and warehouse (B1, B2 and B8) use: Centenary Industrial Estate English Close Industrial Area, Old Shoreham Road Home Farm Industrial Area Hove Technology Park, St Josephs Close, Old Shoreham Road Moulsecoomb & Fairways Industrial Estate	Previously MM30

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		Sussex House (including BT depot)	
		Woodingdean Business Park	
		Hyde Business Park, Bevendean	
		Bell Tower Industrial Estate	
		Hollingbury Industrial Estate	
		Hollingdean Industrial Estate	
		Victoria Road Industrial Estate	
		Newtown Road Industrial Estate	
		The council will support proposals for the upgrade and refurbishment of these estates and premises so that they meet modern standards required by business, are more resource efficient and improve the environment or townscape of the site or premise.	
		Sui generis uses, <u>including waste management facilities</u> , appropriate in nature to an industrial estate location will also be acceptable, provided that they generate employment which is quantitatively and qualitatively comparable to uses within B1- <u>B2</u> <u>B8 Use</u> Classes <sup>#</sup> ; do not harm the continuation of existing uses within those Classes and comply with other City Plan policies <u>and for waste management facilities the Waste and Minerals Plan</u> .	
		4. In order to secure good quality modern, flexible employment floorspace the council will allow employment-led (residential and employment) mixed use development on the following employment sites: Franklin Road Industrial Estate School Road, Hove Melbourne Street Industrial Area	
		Portland Road Trading Estate (including EDF and Martello House)	
		Land North of Newtown Road	
		There should be no net loss in employment floorspace. unless this can be	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>justified. Paragraph 4.36 sets out the factors that will be taken into consideration.</li> <li>5. Loss of Uunallocated sites or premises in, or whose last use was, employment use (Use Classes B1-B8) will not be released to other uses unless only be permitted where the site or premises it can be demonstrated to be both redundant and incapable of meeting the needs of modern alternative employment uses (Use Classes B1-B8). Where release loss is permitted the preference priority for re-use will be for alternative employment generating uses or affordable housing (in accordance with CP20 Affordable Housing).</li> </ul>	
		Insert new footnote: <u># Employment generation as compared with average employment densities as set out in Table 3 of</u> <u>the HCA/Offpat Employment Densities Guide, 2010 or subsequent updates.</u>	
PM076	CP3 Employment Land, pages 140- 143	4.30 This will be informed by the preparation of an office delivery trajectory setting out a realistic pipeline of supply of The Employment Land Supply Trajectory 2013 indicates the potential delivery of new employment floorspace employment sites over the short, medium and long-term	Previously MM31
		4.31 In light of the Employment Land Study Review 2012 identifying a qualitative and quantitative need for additional employment land over the plan period it is important that the strategic allocations set out in the Development Areas bring forward high quality employment floorspace as indicated in Table 5 to meet the council's priorities regarding high quality job creation and to support its growth potential over the next 20 years, with appropriate flexibility. It is important that the strategic allocations set out in the Development Areas bring forward high quality employment floorspace. The Employment Land Supply Trajectory indicates the need for close monitoring of the office developments identified to come forward in 2014-2019 to ensure they are delivered. However, it is also important to allow for	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		reasonable flexibility, in the short term to promote successful regeneration and enable viable schemes to be delivered. Therefore proposals which bring forward employment floorspace less than proposed on sites identified in Table 5 will be considered, taking into account whether:	
		<ol> <li>There is demonstrable benefit for early redevelopment and clear commercial and financial viability evidence that the figures in Table 5 are unlikely to be delivered within the next 5 years;</li> <li>Allowing a different scale or mix of development will secure particularly strong planning benefits;</li> <li>It is appropriate in light of ongoing monitoring <u>of delivery of new employment floorspace against the 2013 Employment Land Supply Trajectory and subsequent updates.</u> regarding the delivery of the overall employment forecast targets and of economic growth.</li> <li>To ensure that this is assessed on a consistent basis a delivery trajectory for</li> </ol>	
		<ul> <li>employment sites will be prepared to inform the implementation of the policy.</li> <li>4.34 These industrial estates/ premises are also considered suitable for certain "sui generis" uses, that is, those with industrial characteristics which are not included within the Use Classes Order. For example, car breaking, or metal recycling which could potentially harm residential amenity are thus likely to be considered most suited to an industrial estate. With modern design and operation techniques, waste management facilities can increasingly be accommodated in general industrial areas as a B2 use<sup>#</sup>.</li> </ul>	
		Insert new footnote:# See Policy WMP 7 of the Waste and Minerals Plan for East Sussex, South Downs and Brighton & Hove, adopted February 20134.36 In considering proposals where a net loss of employment floorspace is being	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modificat	tion	Previous modifications	
		<ul> <li>Site constra and efficient</li> <li>The need fo</li> <li>Access arra</li> <li>Safeguardin</li> </ul>	cil will take into consideration the feints (current site coverage and opp t use of the site) r environmental and townscape im ngements (improved access/circula of the amenity of surrounding users of the employment offer in terms of bs.	portunities for more effective provements ation space). and occupiers	
PM077	CP3 Employment Land, page 143	employment but ar Use Class B1- B8)	nployment generating uses are any e not classified as an employment including educational teaching spa eisure uses unless they comply wit	use (uses falling outside the ace and health facilities. This	Previously MM75
PM078	CP4 Retail Provision, page 144	enhanced by enco scale and function	s hierarchy of shopping centres ouraging a range of facilities and n of the centre, to meet people's edominance of A1 use classes:	l uses, consistent with the	
		Centre Definition	Defined Centres	Linked Policies	
		Regional Centre Town Centres	Brighton Hove London Road	DA1, SA2	
		District Centres	<u>St James's Street</u> Lewes Road	DA3	
			Boundary Road/Station Road Brighton Marina	DAB <del>DA2</del>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	-	Previous modifications	
		Local Centres Mill Lane, Portslade SA6 Portland Road, Hove (all centres) 'The Grenadier' , Hangleton Road Richardson Road, Hove Eldred Avenue ,Withdean Old London Road, Patcham Ladies Mile Road, Patcham Seven Dials Fiveways Hollingbury Place, Hollingdean Beaconsfield Road, Preston Park St George's Road, Kemptown Warren Way,Woodingdean Whitehawk Road, Whitehawk			
PM079	Policy CP4 Retail Provision, Page 145	Applications will be required to complete an impact assessment at a lo set threshold of 1,000 sqm (gross) (net) floorspace or more.	cally Pre	viously MM64	
PM080	CP4 Retail Provision, page 146	Amend wording below <b>Table 6 Estimated Retail Need</b> Retail Study Update 2011: Capacity identified 2011-2030 ( <u>Comparison Floorspace</u> <u>Bb</u> ased on i market share from 60.9% to 70%)		viously MM101	
PM081	CP4 Retail Provision, page 146	4.44 The Brighton & Hove Retail Study Update (2011) <sup>160</sup> has reviewed the vi and viability of each of the shopping centres. The Study does not recommen any new centres need to be designated but recommends that the District Ce designation for Brighton Marina should be removed. The Council's preferred approach for Brighton Marina is to maintain its designation as a District Cent enhance the choice and performance of retail activity through the encourage mixed retail activity and improvements to the public realm, and to continue to address the development and future uses at this location using site specific p DA2. <u>A detailed policy regarding the appropriate type and mix of A1 and non</u> uses in the Marina will be set out in Part 2 of the City Plan.	d that htre ment of policy		

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM082	CP6 Visitor Accommodation, Page 153	4.58 The city has a significant stock of hotel and guest accommodation; a total of 160 hotels and guest accommodation predominantly located in central Brighton and along the seafront. The council undertook a capacity and needs analysis of hotel bed <del>spaces<u>rooms</u></del> in the city to understand the future capacity of the city to absorb new hotel accommodation (2007 Hotel Futures Study). Since the study was completed 3 new hotels have come into operation (Jury's Inn, MyHotel and Royal York hotel) adding 365 bed <del>spaces<u>rooms</u>. Furthermore there is the potential for an additional 372 bed<del>spaces<u>rooms</u> through recent outstanding planning commitments<sup>175</sup>.</del></del>	Previously MM32
PM083	CP6 Visitor Accommodation, page 154	<ul> <li>4.64 The central Brighton seafront and streets and squares running immediately off it account for the majority of the city's current supply of hotel and guest accommodation. There is relatively little accommodation outside the city centre. Hotels and guesthouses are more widely spread in Hove, with no concentrations of establishments. The Hotel Core Zone shown on the proposals policies map is focussed around the main accommodation clusters and drivers of accommodation demand. However</li> </ul>	
PM084	CP7 Infrastructure and Developer Contributions, page 157	Insert into supporting text 4.73 after 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence: 4.73 to support the needs of new development. <u>The timely connection to</u> <u>provision of utilities including water, wastewater infrastructure and sewerage</u> <u>systems will be required by developer's liasing directly with service/utility providers.</u> Priorities will also derive	Previously MM81
PM085	CP8 Sustainable Buildings, page 160	Amend table set out under CP8.1: <b>1. All development will be required to achieve the minimum standard as set</b> <b>out below or equivalent standards from a quality assured scheme;</b>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modificatio	n				Previous modifications
			Develop	ment size			
			2013	-2016	Post 2016	Post 2019	
		NEW BUILD	Non-major	Major <u>and</u> Greenfield	All	AII	
		Residential Code for Sustainable Homes	Level 4	Level 5	Leve	I 5 <del>Level 6</del>	
		Non- residential BREEAM	Very Good	Excellen	t	Outstanding	
		CONVERSIO NS	Non-	major (3-9 units)	and Majo	or	
		Residential		BREEAM Very g	good		
		Standards may be u policy.	•				
PM086	CP8 Sustainable Buildings, page 161	2. k. Reduces air, <u>la</u> development is with					Previously MM58
PM087	CP8 Sustainable Buildings, page 162	climate change. Opp South Downs to the r a high proportion of p secure improvement	4.77 Brighton & Hove is particularly vulnerable to the impacts of present and future dimate change. Opportunities for growth and expansion are constrained by the South Downs to the north of the city and the sea to the south. The city also contains high proportion of protected and/or old buildings <sup>184</sup> . Within this context, the need to becure improvement in the environmental performance of the existing stock as well as more resource efficient and carbon neutral development whilst delivering homes				

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		and jobs through development is challenging. The combination of standards with provisions for viability assessments will help address this challenge. This will provide the flexibility needed to ensure the right balance between the economic, environmental and social objectives of the City Plan. The standards set out in this policy are commensurate with the scope of this challenge. Energy, water and waste have been identified as key resource issues of particular concern in relation to growth in the city <sup>185</sup> .	
PM088	CP8 Sustainable Buildings, page 162	Amend last sentence of footnote 185: <sup>185</sup> At present, the bulk of Brighton & Hove's untreated waste is disposed to landfill <u>The adopted</u> <u>East Sussex</u> , South Downs and Brighton & Hove Waste and Minerals Plan identifies a need for <u>additional waste recycling and recovery capacity to support further increases in the diversion of waste</u> <u>from landfill</u> .	Previously MM34
PM089	CP8 Sustainable Buildings, page 164	<ul> <li>4.83 The Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Method (BREEAM) and the Code for Sustainable Homes (CSH) are widely recognised, accredited, independent methods for assessing environmental performance of non- residential and residential buildings, respectively. These tools will be used to support policy decision making because they cover a wide range of sustainability issues within a simplified score that provides flexibility for developers in meeting standards set in this policy. Successors to these tools and/or equivalent standards by nationally recognised certification bodies may also be accepted<sup>190</sup>. Any changes to nationally described standards and or revised Building Regulations will be addressed through Part 2 of the City Plan or a review of this Policy.</li> <li>4.87 More is asked of larger, new build and greenfield types of development as these tend to benefit from economies of scale and easier, cheaper ways in which sustainable design and construction features can be designed in. A growing number of flagship schemes in the UK<sup>191</sup> and in Brighton &amp; Hove<sup>192</sup> have demonstrated the viability of such developments. In order to provide clarity and flexibility for developers</li> </ul>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		Delete footnotes 191 and 192: <sup>191</sup> See Homes and Communities Agency's Carbon Challenge website. <sup>192</sup> A number of high standard developments have already been achieved under the 2005 adopted Local Plan policy SU2.	
PM090	CP9 Sustainable Transport, page 166	A. 2. c. Ensuring that all new, major development schemes submit a Transport Assessment to identify the likely effects of the demand for travel they create and include measures to mitigate their impacts by reducing car use, <u>implementing agreed travel plans</u> and making appropriate contributions towards sustainable transport measures (see CP7 Infrastructure and Developer Contributions).	Previously MM115
PM091	CP9 Sustainable Transport, page 167	<ul> <li>B. 1. Bus, Coaches and Taxis</li> <li>Implement strategic bus network investment including priority lanes on key routes into and across the city. Priority routes are: <ul> <li>Lewes Road (A270)</li> <li>Edward Street and Eastern Road</li> <li>A259 Seafront serving Brighton Marina, Brighton Centre &amp; Churchill Square and Shoreham Harbour Development areas.</li> <li>London Road</li> <li><u>Valley Gardens</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Previously MM116
PM092	CP9 Sustainable Transport, page 168	<ul> <li>B. 4. Walking and Cycling</li> <li>Improve the public realm in key areas, and the routes leading to them, to encourage and enable walking (including wheelchair access) and cycling.</li> <li>Measures will be undertaken in a number of areas including the following: <ul> <li>Valley Gardens</li> <li>Brighton Station Gateway, Queens Road and West Street</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Previously MM117

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>Lewes Road</li> <li>London Road</li> <li>Edward Street and Eastern Road</li> <li>Old Shoreham Road</li> <li>A259 Seafront</li> <li>Seven Dials</li> <li>Hove Station</li> <li>Pool Valley</li> <li>Local shopping areas</li> </ul>	
PM093	CP9 Sustainable Transport, page 168	B. 6. Parking Co-ordinate the provision of parking and traffic management measures across the city through an integrated approach to car parking charges, car park improvements (including signing and information), controlled parking zones and ensure that the capacity of <del>public</del> car parks <u>used by the public are</u> is not increased in central areas.	Previously MM35
PM094	CP10 Biodiversity, page 177	4.132 The South Downs Way Ahead Nature Improvement Area (NIA) includes all of the city's Green Network and much of the surrounding downland. The boundary of the NIA/Green Network is shown on the proposals policies map.	Previously MM36
PM095	CP11 Managing Flood Risk, page 181	The Council has a new role as Lead Local Flood Authority with a responsibility for surface and groundwater flooding, SuDS approval and other responsibilities derived from the Flood and Water Management Act 2010 and is a source of information and technical assistance.	Previously MM37
PM096	CP12 Urban Design, page 185	Amend footnote 205: <sup>205</sup> The anticipated adoption date for the Urban Design Framework is <u>January 2017</u> <del>2013</del> .	Supersedes MM38
PM097	CP14 Housing Density, page	4.159 whilst on brownfield land this figure was 48 dph <sup>208</sup> . The South East Plan sets an overall regional target of 40 dph and states that there are significant	Previously MM39

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
	190	opportunities to provide quality housing development in excess of 50 dph in many urban and suburban areas.	
PM098	CP16 Open Space, page 194	1. The council will require the retention of and seek better, more effective and appropriate use of all existing open space, as shown on the <del>proposals</del> <u>policies</u> map, having regard to the Open Space, Sports and Recreation Study and the Open Space Update Study <sup>212</sup> .	Previously (part of) MM40
PM099	CP16 Open Space, page 194	Planning permission resulting in the loss of open space, including the beach, will not be granted unless:	
		 Add at the end of section 1: <u>e) The 2014 Urban Fringe Assessment will be a material consideration in the</u> <u>determination of applications for residential development in the urban fringe</u> <u>prior to the adoption of Part 2 of the City Plan.</u>	
PM100	CP16 Open Space, page 195	2. b) Developments, especially those located in an area with open space deficiencies, will be expected to help improve sustainable means of access to open space and facilitate appropriate links to the city's open space framework (which comprises the open spaces shown on the proposals policies map, the Nature Improvement Area, beaches, the countryside and new open space allocations and links).	Previously (part of) MM40
		2. d) The community use of private and schools open spaces will be sought when considering proposals affecting these sites including the temporary use of redundant or undeveloped sites. All open space proposals will be expected to have an agreed funded maintenance plan for the space. The council will	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		<ul> <li>seek to allocate new open space in the City Plan Part 2.</li> <li>2. f) Seek proactive and appropriate management of open spaces including the enforcement of by-laws and seek the enhancement and improvement of open spaces and features. <u>All open space proposals will be expected to have an agreed funded maintenance plan for the space.</u> Lighting proposals, including floodlighting, will be required to minimise light pollution, help reduce crime and not cause significant harm.</li> </ul>	mounications
PM101	CP16 Open Space, pages 196-197	<ul> <li>4.174 Due to the city's housing requirements a review of the capacity and need for open space was required and the findings of the Open Space, Sport and Recreation Study 2008 were further assessed through the Open Space Study Update 2011. The Update Study endorsed the local open space standards and the approach taken in the 2008 study. It devised a scoring system to assess open space which was applied to private open spaces and used to inform the 2010 Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment. However the factors that produce a low open space offer (a combined assessment of 'quantity', 'accessibility' and 'quality' including potential) also limit a site's suitability for housing and no additional open space sites were identified through the study as suitable for housing. However through the 2014 Urban Fringe Site Assessment Study some open spaces within the city's urban fringe have been identified as having potential to help meet the city's housing requirements (see Policies SA4 and CP1). Unlike other urban open spaces the loss of these sites can more readily be mitigated through the provision of new publically accessible space, enhancements to existing space or by alternative provision within the National Park and/ or compensated for by the National Park's open space offer.</li> <li>4.175 When the open space standards are applied, a significant increase in open space will be required by 2030 (an additional 237 293 hectares should be ereated provided when ONS population projections are applied, which however is reduced to</li> </ul>	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
		202 hectares when the City Plan housing target of 13,200 is taken into account the generated demand equates to approximately 167 hectares <sup>214</sup> ). It is therefore important new developments seek to provide the open space requirements generated respectively. However due to the city's physical constraints, between the sea and the South Downs National Park, it is recognised that the future open space requirements are unlikely to be met in full. To compensate, more intensive use of existing open space will be needed in an attempt to maintain current quality of life including the opening up of school grounds to the community/public and an expectation that owners should endeavour to enable better open space use of under-used private spaces. There will also be a need to better connect green spaces together to improve accessibility and to improve access for quiet recreation to the South Downs National Park.	
		Amend footnote 214: <sup>214</sup> ONS stands for Office for National Statistics. <u>The 2030 population figure applied is 310,900 based</u> on ONS 2012-based Subnational Population Projections. The indicative generated demand of 13,200 residential units is calculated using the council's excel open space standards calculator and by assuming an average unit size of 2 bedrooms. The difference between the two figures is considered to be due to the accumulative quantitative shortfall in open space arising since the base year of 2006 and also the potential of the housing target to restrict growth in population. These figures apply a population figure of 302,806 and 294,072 respectively which are based on information in the ONS 2010-based Sub National Population Projections March 2012 and 2011-based interim projections covering 2011-2012 (published Sept 2012) — Initial release of 2011 Census Data. The population figures are detailed and explained further in the Housing Requirements Study (Update of 2011 HRS Study).	
PM102	CP17 Sports Provision, page 200-201	Planning permission resulting in the loss of indoor and outdoor sports facilities and spaces will not be granted except where:Add at the end of section 2:	
		The 2014 Urban Fringe Assessment will be a material consideration in the	

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modificati	on			Previous modifications
		determination of applications for residential development in the urban fringe prior to the adoption of Part 2 of the City Plan. 				
		Standard for Indoor and Outdoor Sports Facilities Indoor Sports				
		Quantity (indoor sport)				
		Modelling undertaken in line with Sport England parameters. Standards to comply with national best practice.The Open Space, Sport and Recreation Study recommends the council should aim to provide a new multi-sports wet/dryside leisure centre (in addition to the replacement of provision currently provided for the King Alfred Leisure Centre) and 		ecommends the to provide a new yside leisure centre eplacement of provided for the centre) and potential need for ce and indoor udy also indicates a por arena and ice		
		Accessibility (ind	. ,			
		Standards to comp Quality (indoor sp	ly with national best	t practice.		
				in accordance with	national best	
		Outdoor Sports				
		Quantity (outdoor sport)				
		Current Provision	Current Provision (Ha/1,000 pop)	Proposed Standard (Ha/1,000 pop)	Additional Space required by 2030 <sup>215</sup>	

Policy, page no. Proposed Modification			Previous modifications		
	Approx 118.5 Hectares	0.47	0.47	Approx <del>20 to 23</del> <u>15.5 to 28</u> hectares	
		. ,	)		
		1	/		
	welldrained, well include toilets, c	hangintained surf	aces. Ancillary acc , dog waste bins ar	ommodation should	
			•		
	Amend footnote 2	215:			
	Projections, an additi indicative generated (using the council's e bedrooms) an addition considered to be due year of 2006 and also for Office for National Sub National Popula	onal 27.6 hectares demand of the City excel open space sta onal 15.5 hectares is to the accumulative of the potential of the I Statistics. Based of tion Projections Mar	of outdoor sport space Plan's housing target of andards calculator and required. The differen a quantitative shortfall i housing target to rest n information in the Of ch 2012 and 2011-bas	will be required. However, when the of 13,200 residential units is calculate by assuming an average unit size of ice between the two figures is in outdoor sport arising since the bas rict growth in population. ONS stand fice for National Statistics 2010-base ed interim projections covering 2011	2 <u>ed</u> <u>f 2</u> <u>se</u> <u>s</u> <del>sd</del>
	Policy, page no.	Approx 118.5         Hectares         Accessibility (or 20 minute walk the second construction of th	Approx 118.5 Hectares       0.47         Accessibility (outdoor sport) 20 minute walk time (960 metres) Quality (outdoor sport)         Clean, litter-free sports facilities a welldrained, well maintained surf include toilets, changing facilities appropriate amenity and sports li         Standard for Indoor and Outdot All sites should meet the minimu Governing Body of sport and me         Amend footnote 215: <sup>215</sup> Applying a 2030 population figure of 3 Projections, an additional 27.6 hectares indicative generated demand of the City (using the council's excel open space stis bedrooms) an additional 15.5 hectares is considered to be due to the accumulative year of 2006 and also the potential of the for Office for National Statistics. Based of Sub National Population Projections Mar	Approx 118.5 Hectares       0.47       0.47         Accessibility (outdoor sport)       20 minute walk time (960 metres)       0.47         Quality (outdoor sport)       20 minute walk time (960 metres)       0.47         Quality (outdoor sport)       Clean, litter-free sports facilities should be provided welldrained, well maintained surfaces. Ancillary accounce include toilets, changing facilities, dog waste bins at appropriate amenity and sports lighting.         Standard for Indoor and Outdoor Sports Facilitie       All sites should meet the minimum specifications of Governing Body of sport and meet Equality Act 201         Amend footnote 215:       215         215       215         215       215         216       Applying a 2030 population figure of 310,900, based on ONS Projections, an additional 27.6 hectares of outdoor sport space indicative generated demand of the City Plan's housing target of (using the council's excel open space standards calculator and bedrooms) an additional 15.5 hectares is required. The differenconsidered to be due to the accumulative quantitative shortfall if year of 2006 and also the potential of the housing target or considered to be due to the accumulative quantitative shortfall if year of 2006 and also the potential of the housing target or explored and short the potential of the housing target or for Office for National Statistics. Based on information in the Office for National Statistics.	Approx 118.5       0.47       0.47       Approx 20 to 23         Hectares       15.5 to 28       hectares         Accessibility (outdoor sport)       20 minute walk time (960 metres)         Quality (outdoor sport)       20 minute walk time (960 metres)         Quality (outdoor sport)       Clean, litter-free sports facilities should be provided with appropriate, welldrained, well maintained surfaces. Ancillary accommodation should include toilets, changing facilities, dog waste bins and litter bins and appropriate amenity and sports lighting.         Standard for Indoor and Outdoor Sports Facilities         All sites should meet the minimum specifications of the appropriate National Governing Body of sport and meet Equality Act 2010 guidance.         Amend footnote 215: <sup>215</sup> Applying a 2030 population figure of 310,900, based on ONS 2012-based Subnational Population Projections, an additional 27.6 hectares of outdoor sport space will be required. However, when the indicative generated demand of the City Plan's housing target of 13,200 residential units is calculate (using the council's excel open space standards calculator and by assuming an average unit size o bedrooms) an additional 15.5 hectares is required. The difference between the two figures is considered to be due to the accumulative shortfall in outdoor sport arising since the base year of 2006 and also the potential of the housing target to restrict growth in population. ONS stand for Office for National Statistics. Based on Information in the Office for National Statistics 2010-base Sub-National Population Projections covering 2011

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM103	CP18 Healthy City, page 206	3. Require larger developments to demonstrate how they <u>minimise negative</u> <u>impacts and</u> maximise positive impacts on health within the development or in adjoining areas (where the benefits of new development can be maximised).	
PM104	CP18 Healthy City, page 206	Insert footnote definition of Lifetime Neighbourhood principles related to part 4 of policy: <u># The CLG (Lifetime Neighbourhoods - December 2011) has recognised the importance of neighbourhood as a determinant of well-being in later life and its crucial role in supporting older people's independence. The main components that make up a lifetime neighbourhood includes: supporting residents to develop lifetime neighbourhoods – especially resident empowerment; access, services and amenities, built and natural environments, social networks/well-being and housing.</u>	Previously MM41
PM105	CP18 Healthy City, page 207	Add after last sentence of 4.197: <u>Poor air quality can cause serious health problems and reduces the quality of life</u> <u>and life expectancy. Development proposals will be expected to protect and improve</u> <u>local air quality and should be appropriately and sensitively designed to mitigate</u> <u>negative impacts on air quality.</u>	Previously MM118
and sustainability in new residentia         Insert new penultimate sentence within         4.202 and the need for developmen         addressed in CP12 Urban Design.         pace standards, similar to those of the		<ul> <li>Add new criterion a. iii) to the policy:</li> <li>iii) <u>introduce dwelling space standards in Part 2 of the plan to secure quality</u> and sustainability in new residential development.</li> <li>Insert new penultimate sentence within paragraph 4.202:</li> <li>4.202 and the need for developments to be inclusive, adaptable and accessible is addressed in CP12 Urban Design. <u>Part 2 of the plan will introduce minimum dwelling</u> space standards, similar to those of the GLA or compatible with those emerging from the government's 2013 Housing Standards Review. This policy and those</li> </ul>	Previously MM53 and MM54

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM107	CP21 Student Accommodation and Houses in Multiple Occupation, page 217, 218	<ul> <li>i) Purpose Built Student Accommodation <ul> <li>A. 6. Schemes should <u>demonstrate that they</u> have <u>entered into a formal agreement with</u> the support of one of the city's two Universities or other existing educational establishments within Brighton &amp; Hove.</li> <li>A. 7. Permanent purpose built student Accommodation will not be supported on sites <u>allocated for housing or</u> with either an extant planning permission for residential development or sites identified as potential housing sites.</li> <li>ii) Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO's)</li> </ul> </li> <li>In order to support mixed and balanced communities and to ensure that a range of housing needs continue to be accommodated throughout the city, applications for <u>new build HMO, and applications for</u> the change of use to a Class C4 (Houses in Multiple Occupation) use, a mixed C3/C4 use or to a sui generis House in Multiple Occupation use (more than six people sharing) will not be permitted where: <ul> <li>More than 10 per cent of dwellings within a radius of 50 metres of the application site are already in use as Class C4, mixed C3/C4 or other types of HMO in a sui generis use.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Previously MM42
PM108	CP21 Student Accommodation and Houses in Multiple Occupation, page 219	<ul> <li>4.225 The city's educational establishments and their students make an important contribution to the economic and cultural life of the city. There are approximately <u>35,200</u> <del>37,000</del> students at the Universities of Brighton and Sussex, which includes <u>4,000</u> <del>5,200 international students from non EU countries<sup>#</sup> 150 countries</del>. Many students also attend</li> <li>Insert new footnote:</li> <li><u># HESA 2011/12</u></li> </ul>	Previously MM43

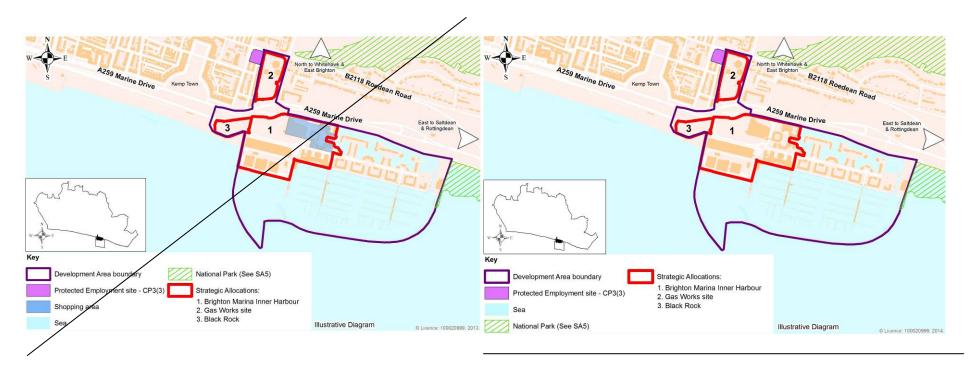
Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification		Previous modifications			
PM109	CP21 Student Accommodation and Houses in Multiple Occupation, page 220	circle with a radius of	4 In assessing planning applications for new Houses in Multiple Occupation, a e with a radius of 50 metres will be drawn from the centre point of the application s highway frontage front curtilage boundary. Residential properties				
PM110	CP22 Traveller Accommodation, page 223	as benchmarked, audited a (2007 – 2010) and further provided in the paper 'Join	mend footnote 254: <sup>4</sup> Local evidence base consists of the East Sussex and Brighton & Hove Gypsy and Traveller Study s benchmarked, audited and amended through the Partial Review of the South East Plan process 007 – 2010) and further needs assessment exercises. <u>A summary of the partial review process is</u> <u>ovided in the paper 'Joint Evidence Paper – Provision for Gypsies and Travellers in East Sussex'</u> <u>oril 2011 produced by ESCC, East Sussex District and BHCC officers.</u>				
PM111	Appendix 1 Glossary of terms, pages 226, 228, 229	Built up area Hotel Core Zone <del>Local Development</del> <del>Framework (LDF)</del> <u>Proposals Policies</u> Map	Area identified within which the development of the city has occurred already. The outer limits of the built up area are defined on a proposals policies map. An area identified on a Proposals Policies Map within which tourist accommodation would be afforded special protection by planning policy. The Local Development Framework or 'LDF' is the term used to describe the set of documents which will eventually include all of the planning authority's local development documents, one of which is the City Plan. As these new documents are adopted they will eventually replace the Brighton & Hove Local Plan. Map that forms an integral part of the LDF and which identifies sites/areas to which particular policies apply.				

Ref	Policy, page no.	Proposed Modification	Previous modifications
PM112	Appendix 2 Key Diagram, page 233	Full diagram shown at Appendix 1 below. (See PM046 for additional changes to Key Diagram.)	
	200	Amend headings:	
	Local Development Framework Core Strategy City Plan Part One Key Diagram Amend key: Shopping centres ( <del>CP15</del> <u>CP4</u> )		
PM113	Annex 1 – Implementation and Monitoring Plan	Full Annex shown with amendments in Appendix 2 (separate document).	Supersedes MM65
PM114	Annex 2 – Infrastructure Delivery Plan	Extract from Annex shown with amendments in Appendix 3 below.	Previously MM66
PM115	Annex 2 – Infrastructure Delivery Plan	Addendum made to Annex 2 in Appendix 4 (separate document).	
PM116	Annex 3 – Housing Implementation Strategy	Full Annex shown with amendments in Appendix 5 (separate document).	Supersedes MM67

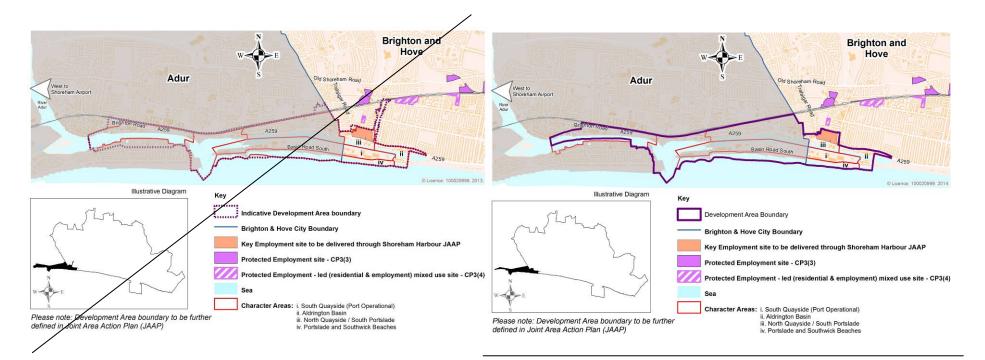
### Appendix 1 – Amendments to Maps

See PM018, PM046, PM112 for details of proposed modifications.

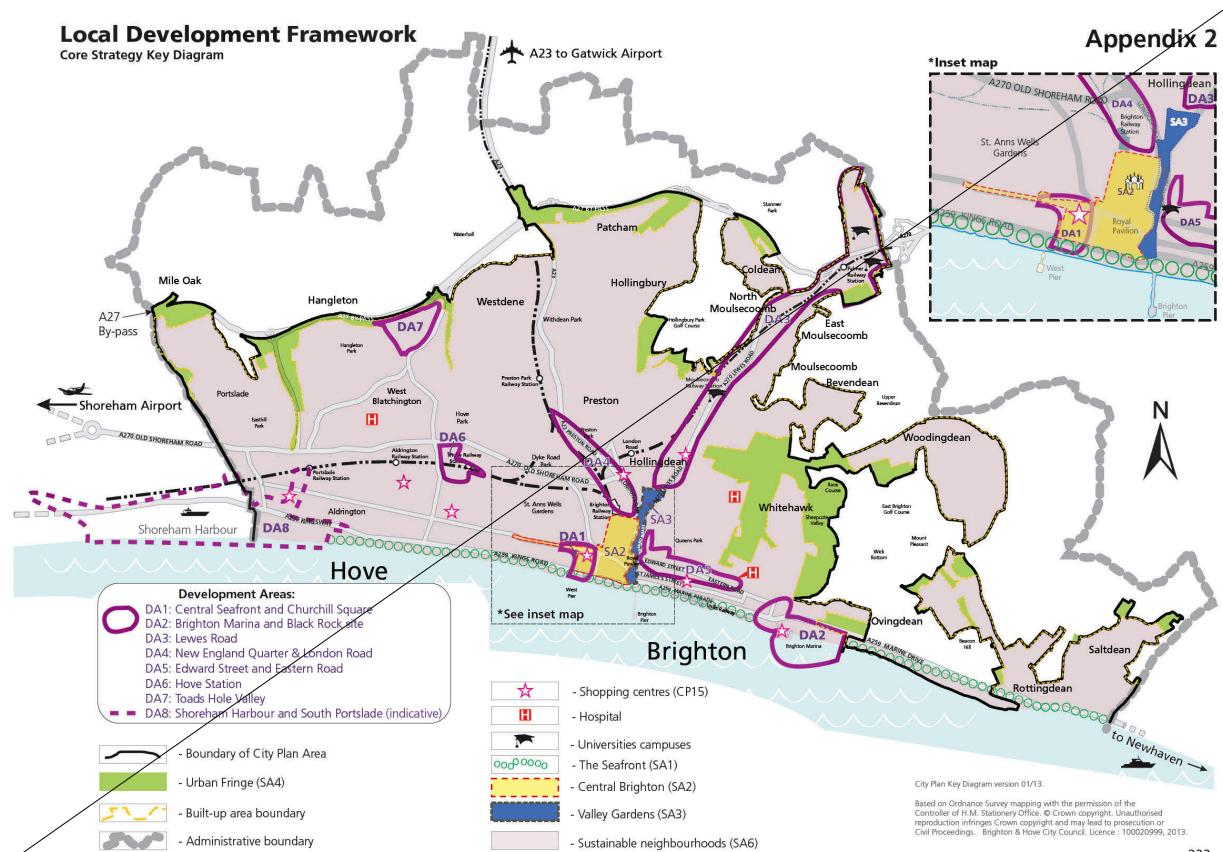
### DA2 Brighton Marina, Gas Works and Black Rock Area, page 38



### DA8 - Shoreham Harbour, page 87

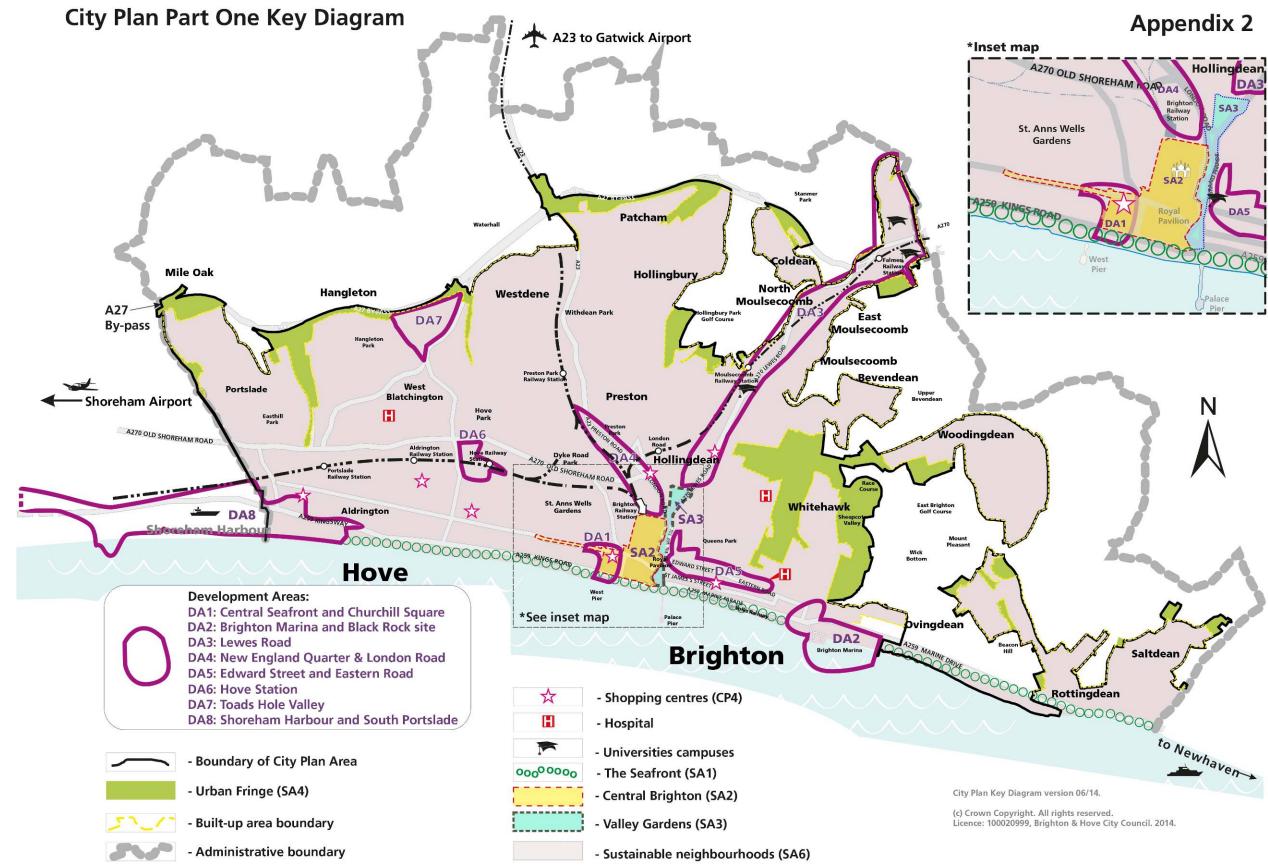


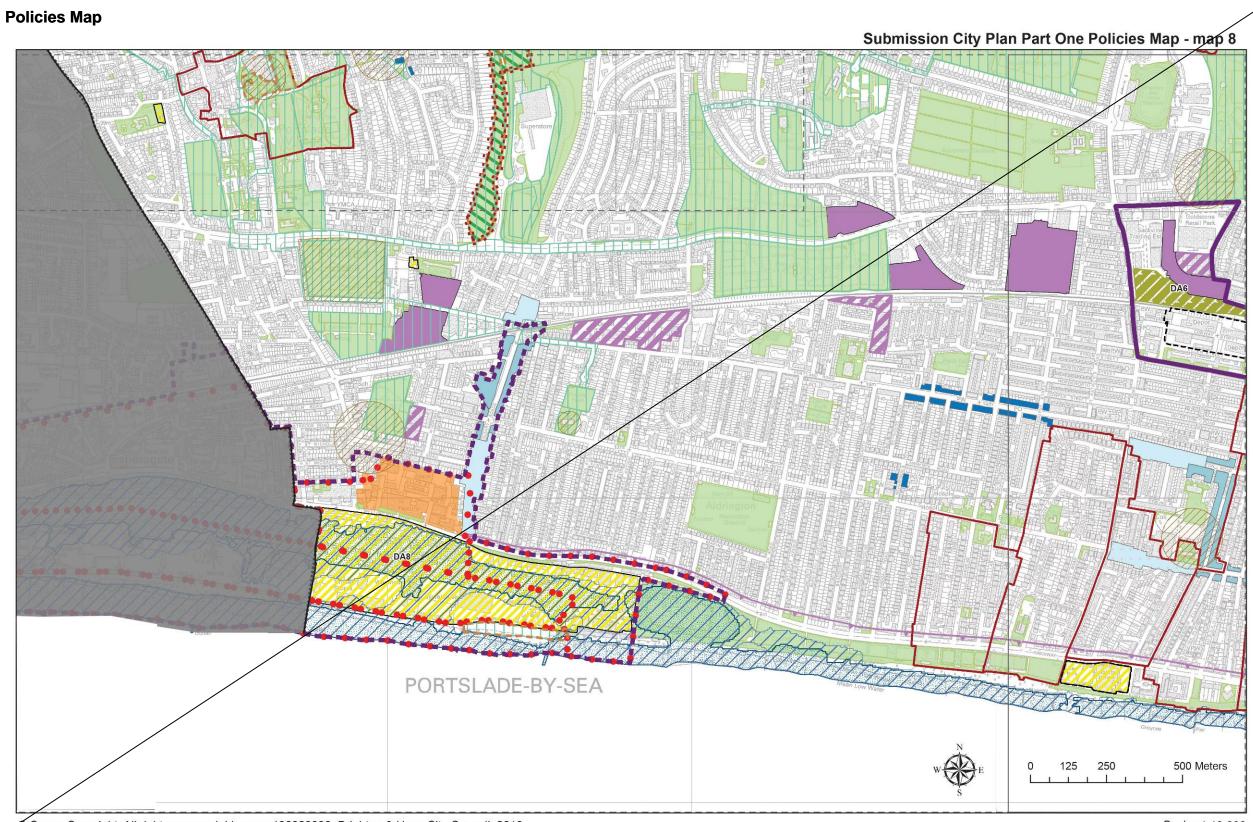
### Key Diagram, page 233



82

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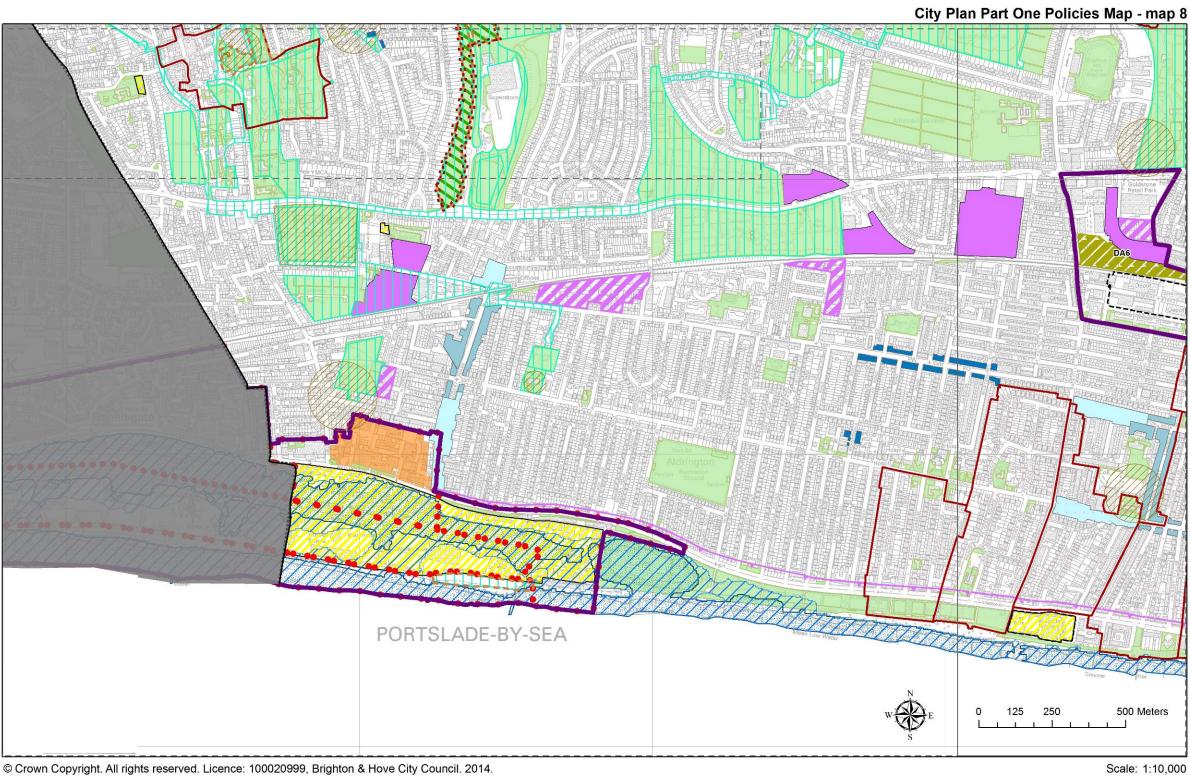


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84

# Brighton & Hove City Plan Part One – Proposed Modifications Schedule

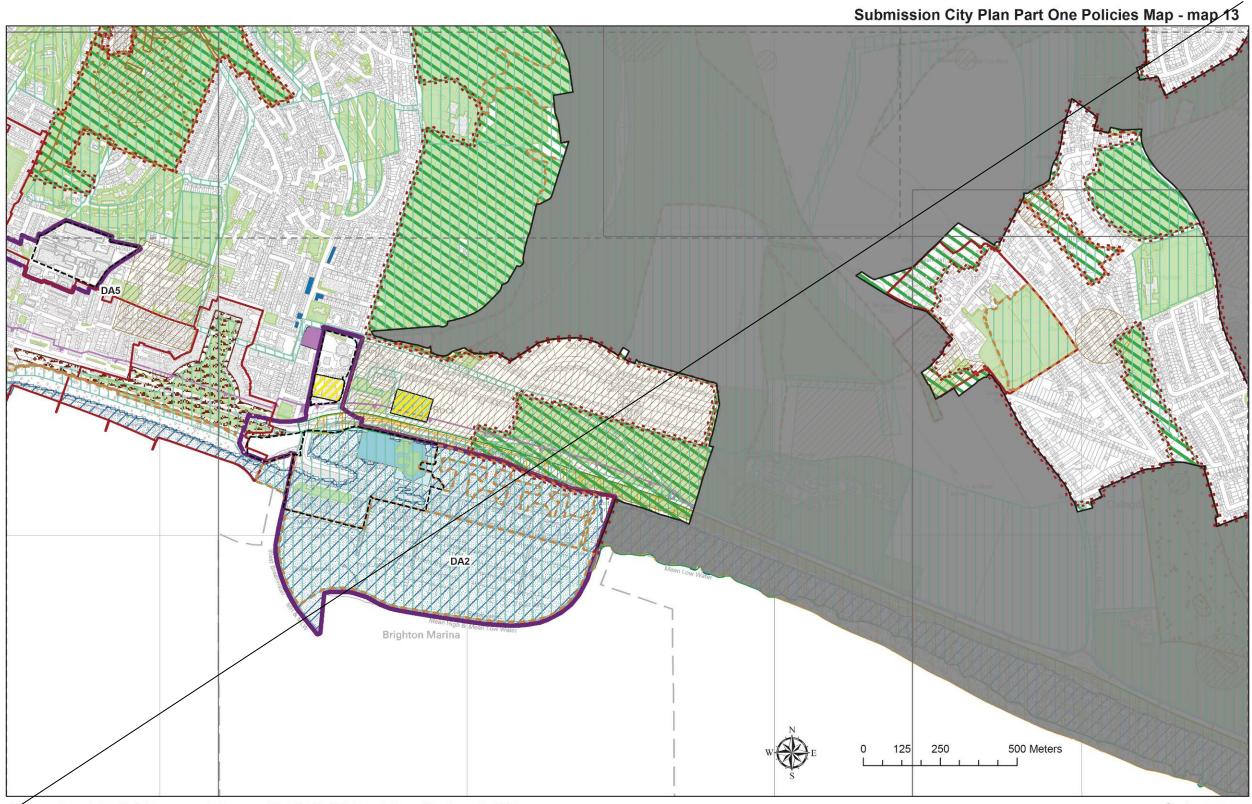
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85

# Brighton & Hove City Plan Part One – Proposed Modifications Schedule



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# Appendix 2

Amendments to Annex I – Implementation and Monitoring Plan. Full annex with amendments shown in separate document.

**Appendix 3** Annex 2 – Infrastructure Delivery Plan (extract)

	Infrastructure Type – and Area	Development Area/ Strategic Allocation – due for construction	Infrastructure need and Requirements	Area and /or Scale	Responsibilities for Delivery/Partners and Funding Sources	Short, Medium or Long Term Phasing and Costs
68	Flood Defences - Shoreham Harbour Development Area	Essential Important infrastructure for development DA8 Shoreham Harbour - Comprehensive development of Port: Phases	Upgraded flood defence and essential on site highways - <u>if</u> land uses change from current port water compatible uses <u>Repair / replacement of wharf</u> walls for development sites adjacent to the wharf frontage may be required, including corrosion control measures where appropriate.	DA8 Shoreham Harbour – South Portslade/Aldrington Basin, in accordance with requirements in Development Brief as part of emerging JAAP for the area; informed by updated SFRA	Environment Agency, Landowners, Developers	Completion before each phase of development bought forward £3m (indicative) Costs dependant on scale, type and impacts of development Condition survey of walls currently underway
	Waste and Wastewater	Essential infrastructure for development Strategic allocations on Eastern Road and Edward Street – first site RSCH	Water and wastewater management and infrastructure.	DA5 Eastern Road and Edward Street - Southern Water has identified the need for water and wastewater infrastructure to serve new development at RSCH, <u>Edward Street</u> <u>Quarter and Freshfield</u>	Universities NHS Trust, Southern Water, Developers	By 2016

Essential infrastructure for development (general)	Timely provision of new or improved water and wastewater infrastructure <u>through connection to water</u> <u>distribution and off site</u> <u>sewerage system at nearest</u> <u>point of adequate capacity</u>	<u>Across all DA areas and</u> city wide - to be co- ordinated to meet needs generated by new development	Southern Water, Developers	In time to serve all new development Throughout the life of the Plan Costs dependent on site circumstances
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Appendix 4

# Appendix 4

Annex 2 – Infrastructure Delivery Plan – Addendum, shown in separate document.

# Appendix 5

Annex 3 – Housing Implementation Strategy. Full annex shown with amendments in separate document.

